

**Agilent 240/280  
Series AA  
(including Zeeman)**

**User's Guide**



**Agilent Technologies**

## Notices

© Agilent Technologies, Inc. 1997, 2000–2004, 2010–2013, 2015, 2016

No part of this manual may be reproduced in any form or by any means (including electronic storage and retrieval or translation into a foreign language) without prior agreement and written consent from Agilent Technologies, Inc. as governed by United States and international copyright laws.

### Manual part number

8510154700

### Edition

Fourteenth edition, June 2016

Printed in Malaysia

Agilent Technologies Australia [M] Pty Ltd

679 Springvale Road

Mulgrave, Victoria 3170, Australia

[www.agilent.com](http://www.agilent.com)

### Errata statement

NOTICE: This document contains references to Varian. Please note that Varian, Inc. is now part of Agilent Technologies. For more information, go to [www.agilent.com](http://www.agilent.com)

## Warranty

**The material contained in this document is provided “as is,” and is subject to being changed, without notice, in future editions. Further, to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, Agilent disclaims all warranties, either express or implied, with regard to this manual and any information contained herein, including but not limited to the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. Agilent shall not be liable for errors or for incidental or consequential damages in connection with the furnishing, use, or performance of this document or of any information contained herein. Should Agilent and the user have a separate written agreement with warranty terms covering the material in this document that conflict with these terms, the warranty terms in the separate agreement shall control.**

## Technology licenses

The hardware and/or software described in this document are furnished under a license and may be used or copied only in accordance with the terms of such license.

## Restricted rights legend

If software is for use in the performance of a U.S. Government prime contract or subcontract, Software is delivered and licensed as “Commercial computer software” as defined in DFAR 252.227-7014 (June 1995), or as a “commercial item” as defined in FAR 2.101(a) or as “Restricted computer software” as defined in FAR 52.227-19 (June 1987) or any equivalent agency regulation or

contract clause. Use, duplication or disclosure of Software is subject to Agilent Technologies’ standard commercial license terms, and non-DOD Departments and Agencies of the U.S. Government will receive no greater than Restricted Rights as defined in FAR 52.227-19(c)(1-2) (June 1987). U.S. Government users will receive no greater than Limited Rights as defined in FAR 52.227-14 (June 1987) or DFAR 252.227-7015 (b)(2) (November 1995), as applicable in any technical data.

## Safety notices

### CAUTION

A **CAUTION** notice denotes a hazard. It calls attention to an operating procedure, practice, or the like that, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in damage to the product or loss of important data. Do not proceed beyond a **CAUTION** notice until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

### WARNING

A **WARNING** notice denotes a hazard. It calls attention to an operating procedure, practice, or the like that, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in personal injury or death. Do not proceed beyond a **WARNING** notice until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

# Contents

<b>1. Safety Practices and Hazards</b>	<b>9</b>
General	9
Verifying safe state	10
Electrical hazards	11
Heat, vapors and fumes	12
Compressed gases and cylinders	13
Gas hoses and connections	14
Ultraviolet radiation	14
Other	14
Warning symbols	15
Color coding	16
CE compliance	17
Electromagnetic compatibility	17
EN55011/CISPR11	17
ICES/NMB-001	18
Flame operation	19
Flammable solvents	19
Compressed gases and cylinders for flame operation	21
Acetylene	21
Nitrous oxide	22
Burners	22
Nebulizer	23
Liquid trap	24

## Contents

Heat hazards	25
Perchloric acid	25
Flashbacks	26
Furnace and Zeeman operation	29
Gases	29
Heat hazards	29
Vapors and fumes	29
UV radiation	30
Magnetic field (Zeeman only)	30
<b>2. Introduction</b>	<b>31</b>
Instrument Overview	32
Flame instruments front view	32
Flame instruments back view	33
Zeeman instruments front view	34
Zeeman instrument back view	35
Furnace instruments front view	36
Furnace instruments back view	37
Installation requirements	38
Agilent AA documentation	38
Conventions	38
Specifications	38
Equipment class	38
Installation category	39
Pollution level	39
Environmental	39
Power	40
Gas supplies	45

Weights and dimensions	45
<b>3. Installation</b>	<b>47</b>
PC requirements	48
Recommended PC configuration	48
Installation procedure overview	49
Guidelines for software installation	49
Installing the SpectrAA CFR software	50
Installing the SpectrAA Base software	50
Configuring the SPS 4 autosampler	53
Determining the SPS 4 COM port	53
Installing the SpectrAA PRO software	54
GPIB communications	55
Installing the PCI-GPIB communications card	56
Configuring the PCI-GPIB communications card	58
Installing the USB-GPIB-HS converter	59
Connecting and configuring an Agilent AA spectrometer DUO system	59
Setting up for DUO operation and connecting the IEEE cables	59
Configuring the IEEE addresses for Agilent AA-DUO operation	60
Configuring the software to use manual sampling	62
USB to RS-232 interfaces	62
Starting the SpectrAA software	63
SpectrAA Release Notes and Software Status Bulletin	64

## Contents

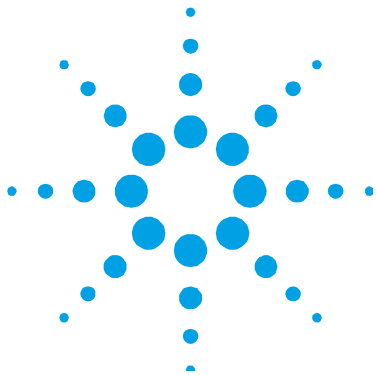
Installing the drivers for the Tube-CAM Furnace Camera option	65
Driver installation	65
Printer setup	67
Troubleshooting	67
Service installation module	67
Software re-installation	68
<b>4. Software Overview</b>	<b>69</b>
Starting the SpectrAA software	69
SpectrAA windows	70
Index page	70
Worksheet window	70
Reports window	72
Administration window	73
Working with the SpectrAA software	73
Menu bar	73
Toolbar	73
Dialog boxes	73
Help	74
Searching for help	75
Printing help	75
Viewing help while you work	75
Quitting help	75
<b>5. Getting Started</b>	<b>77</b>
Instrument setup	77
Connections	78

Power	78
Moving your instrument	79
Starting the system	79
Pre-analysis checklist	80
<b>6. Maintenance and Troubleshooting</b>	<b>81</b>
Schedule	82
Daily	82
Weekly	83
Yearly	83
Cleaning	84
Instrument surfaces	84
Windows	84
Filters	84
Gas cylinders	85
Preventing flashbacks	85
In the event of a flashback or unexpected flame event	85
Spare parts	86

## Contents

*This page is intentionally left blank.*





## 1. Safety Practices and Hazards

General	9
Verifying safe state	10
Electrical hazards	11
Heat, vapors and fumes	12
Compressed gases and cylinders	13
Gas hoses and connections	14
Ultraviolet radiation	14
Other	14
Warning symbols	15
Color coding	16
CE compliance	17
Electromagnetic compatibility	17
Flame operation	19
Flashbacks	26
Furnace and Zeeman operation	29

### General

Your Agilent AA instrument and accessories have been carefully designed so that when used properly you have an accurate, fast, flexible and safe analytical system.

If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

## Safety Practices and Hazards

Operation of an atomic absorption spectrometer can involve the use of compressed gases, flames, and hazardous materials including corrosive fluids and flammable liquids. Unskilled, improper, or careless use of this instrument can create explosion hazards, fire hazards, or other hazards that can cause death, serious injury to personnel, or severe damage to equipment and property.

Information on safety practices is provided with your instrument and operation manuals, and also referenced in your Agilent accessory manuals. Thoroughly read these safety practices before using your instrument or accessories.

Observe all relevant safety practices always.

The safety practices described below are provided to help you operate the instrument safely. Read each safety topic thoroughly before attempting to operate the instrument and *always* operate the spectrometer in accordance with these safety practices. Only trained operators should use this instrument.

### Verifying safe state

The following general safety precautions must be observed during all phases of operation, maintenance and service of this instrument.

To ensure continued safety of the instrument after maintenance or service procedures verify the instrument is returned to a safe state for the user. This includes running performance checks to verify the instruments safety systems are functioning correctly. Check the general condition of the instrument during operation for wear or signs of corrosion that are likely to inhibit function or safety.

Failure to comply with these precautions or with specific warnings elsewhere in this manual violates safety standards of design, manufacture, and intended use of the instrument. Agilent Technologies assumes no liability for the customer's failure to comply with these requirements.

## Electrical hazards

The instrument and accessories contain electrical circuits, devices, and components operating at dangerous voltages. Contact with these circuits, devices and components can cause death, serious injury, or painful electric shock.

Panels and covers that are retained by fasteners which require the use of a tool for removal must only be opened by Agilent field service engineers. Consult the manuals or product labels supplied with your PC, monitor, printer/plotter, water-cooling system, and vacuum pump (where required) to determine which parts are operator-accessible.

Application of the wrong supply voltage, connection of the instrument to an incorrectly wired supply outlet, or lack of proper electrical grounding can create a fire hazard or a potentially serious shock hazard. This could seriously damage the instrument and any attached ancillary equipment.

Always use a 3-wire outlet with ground connection that is adequately rated for the load. The installation must comply with local and national safety regulations. Use only an Agilent supplied power cord. Replace the power cord only with a cord equivalent to the one specified in the AA Site Preparation Guide.

Do not connect the instrument to the mains power supply until you have made sure that the operating voltage is correctly set for the mains power supply in the specific outlet in your laboratory to which the equipment is connected.

---

**WARNING****Electrical shock hazard**

**To avoid electric shock this equipment must be disconnected from the mains supply before servicing.**

---

### Heat, vapors and fumes

Heat, vapors and fumes generated by flame, furnace and vapor generation methods can be hazardous to personnel.

Heat, vapors and fumes must be extracted from the instrument by an exhaust system. The instrument must be vented into a self-contained arrangement of collector hood, ducting, and exhaust fan. The system must be vented to the outside air, never within the building. Locate the system outlet such that the exhaust cannot re-enter the building through any door, window, air conditioning inlet, or other ventilator. Construct the system in accordance with local codes and regulations for ventilation.

The exhaust system must provide an exhaust ventilation rate of at least 6 cubic meters per minute (200 cfm). Locate the exhaust fan at least 3 meters (10 feet) away from the flame and as close to the outlet as possible. The motor must be mounted away from the hot gases, and plastic parts must not be used as they will melt. Fit a back-draft damper to the outlet end of the system. Equip the exhaust fan power supply with an indicator close to the instrument to indicate whether the exhaust fan is on or off. *Always* switch on the exhaust fan *before* lighting the flame.

Use fireproof ducting that is in accordance with your local fire prevention regulations. Locate the ducting away from fire alarms, sprinkler heads, and other heat-sensitive devices. Do not make solder joints in the ducting—the hot exhaust in the duct may melt the joint.

Regularly check the system by smoke test to ensure that the exhaust system is working.

When operating the atomic absorption spectrometer, *always* have the chimney in place to ensure correct ventilation.

## Compressed gases and cylinders

All compressed gases (other than air) can create a hazard if they leak into the atmosphere. Even small leaks in gas supply systems can be dangerous. Any leak (except that of air) can create an explosion hazard, a fire hazard, or result in an oxygen-deficient atmosphere. Such hazards can cause death, serious injury, asphyxiation, anesthetic effects, and serious damage to equipment and property.

Cylinders must be stored and handled strictly in accordance with local safety codes and regulations. Cylinders must be used and stored only in a vertical position. Secure all cylinders to an immovable structure or a properly constructed cylinder stand. The area in which cylinders are stored must be adequately ventilated to prevent toxic or explosive accumulations. Move cylinders only on a properly constructed trolley. Never locate gas cylinders near a source of ignition or in a position that is subject to direct heat.

Keep cylinders cool. This rule applies to every cylinder of compressed gas. Cylinders have pressure relief devices that release the contents of the cylinder if the temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).

Ensure that all cylinders are clearly labeled so that there can be no doubt about the contents. If the cylinder label is not legible, do not use the cylinder—return it to your supplier. Always ensure that you have the right cylinder before connecting the cylinder to the instrument.

If air is supplied from a compressor, all moisture must be extracted from the air before it is supplied to the gas control module. Moisture can affect the internal components of the gas control system and create a potentially hazardous situation.

Use only approved regulators and hose connectors.

Never attempt to refill cylinders.

Remember that for cylinder connections, left-hand thread fittings are used for fuel; right-hand thread fittings are used for support gases.

When your analytical program is complete, or at the end of the working day, always ensure that all gas supplies are turned off at the cylinders.

### Gas hoses and connections

Even small leaks in gas supply systems can be dangerous. Any leak can create an explosion hazard, a fire hazard, or can result in an oxygen-deficient atmosphere. Such hazards can cause death, serious injury, asphyxiation, anesthetic effects, and serious damage to equipment and property.

Use only approved regulators, connectors, and fittings. If in any doubt, consult your local gas supplier or your Agilent representative.

Ensure that all gas connectors and hoses are correctly assembled.

Arrange gas hoses so that they will not be damaged, stepped on, or have things dropped on them.

Never use frayed or damaged hoses.

Perform leak tests at all joints and seals every day before the instrument is used. Test for leaks with a brush and soapy water or a proprietary leak-detecting solution. Never use a naked flame when testing for leaks.

### Ultraviolet radiation

Flames, hollow cathode lamps, and deuterium lamps emit hazardous ultraviolet radiation. This radiation can cause serious damage to human eyes and skin.

Always wear safety glasses conforming to an approved standard, and certified or otherwise warranted to protect the eyes from ultraviolet radiation. Never look directly at the light emitted by a hollow cathode lamp.

When using a flame, always operate your spectrometer with the flame shield closed, and the sample compartment front panel and chimney in place.

### Other

Other messages appear in the manual and in the online Help where appropriate, and detail advice, information specific to the topic, or helpful tips.

#### NOTE

A 'Note' message is used to give advice or information.

## Warning symbols

The following is a list of symbols that appear in conjunction with warnings in this manual and on the spectrometer. The hazard they describe is also shown. A warning icon indicates the beginning of the warning text:

### WARNING

A triangular symbol indicates a warning. The meanings of the symbols that appear alongside warnings in the documentation or on the instrument itself are as follows:



*Corrosive liquids*



*Electrical shock*



*Explosion hazard*



*Eye hazard*



*Fire hazard*



*Heavy weight  
(danger to feet)*



*Heavy weight  
(danger to hands)*



*Hot surface*



*Magnetic field*



*Moving part*



*Noxious gases*



*Sharp object*



*Toxic material*










Read all warnings and cautions carefully and observe them always.

## Safety Practices and Hazards

The following symbol may be used on warning labels attached to the instrument. When you see this symbol, refer to the relevant operation or service manual for the correct procedure referred to by that warning label.



The following symbols appear on the instrument for your information.

	Mains power on
	Mains power off
	Fuse
	Single phase alternating current
	Flame off
	Flame on
	Indicates lamp present
	Disconnect all power plugs.
	Caution, disconnect all supplies, risk of electric shock

## Color coding

The various indicator lights appearing on Agilent instruments and associated accessories are color coded to represent the status of the instrument or accessory.



- A green light indicates that the instrument is in normal/standby mode.
- An orange light indicates that a potential hazard is present.
- A blue light indicates that operator intervention is required.
- A red light warns of danger or an emergency.

### CE compliance

Your Agilent AA instrument has been designed to comply with the requirements of the Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Directive and the Low Voltage (electrical safety) Directive (commonly referred to as the LVD) of the European Union. Agilent has confirmed that each product complies with the relevant Directives by testing a prototype against the prescribed EN (European Norm) standards.

Proof that a product complies with these directives is indicated by:

- The CE Marking appearing on the rear of the product, and
- The documentation package that accompanies the product containing a copy of the Declaration of Conformity. The Declaration of Conformity is the legal declaration by Agilent that the product complies with the directives listed above, and shows the EN standards to which the product was tested to demonstrate compliance.

### Electromagnetic compatibility

#### EN55011/CISPR11

**Group 1 ISM equipment:** group 1 contains all ISM equipment in which there is intentionally generated and/or used conductively coupled radio- frequency energy that is necessary for the internal functioning of the equipment itself.

**Class A equipment** is equipment suitable for use in all establishments other than domestic and those directly connected to a low voltage power supply network that supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.

## Safety Practices and Hazards

This device complies with the requirements of CISPR11, Group 1, Class A as radiation professional equipment. Therefore, there may be potential difficulties in ensuring electromagnetic compatibility in other environments, due to conducted as well as radiated disturbances.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1 This device may not cause harmful interference.
- 2 This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try one or more of the following measures:

- 1 Relocate the radio or antenna.
- 2 Move the device away from the radio or television.
- 3 Plug the device into a different electrical outlet, so that the device and the radio or television are on separate electrical circuits.
- 4 Make sure that all peripheral devices are also certified.
- 5 Make sure that appropriate cables are used to connect the device to peripheral equipment.
- 6 Consult your equipment dealer, Agilent Technologies, or an experienced technician for assistance.

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by Agilent Technologies could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

### **ICES/NMB-001**

This ISM device complies with Canadian ICES- 001.

Cet appareil ISM est conforme à la norme NMB-001 du Canada.

## Flame operation

### Flammable solvents

Unskilled, improper, or careless use of flammable solvents in or near an atomic absorption spectrometer can create explosion hazards and fire hazards. This can result in death, or severe personal injury or burns.

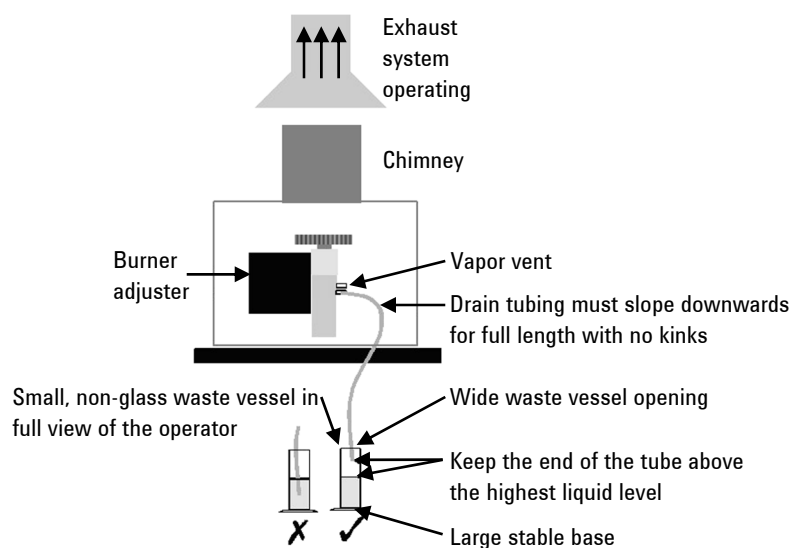
Remember always that the combination of a flame and flammable solvents can present a serious hazard. All relevant safety practices governing the use of flammable solvents must be strictly followed.

To reduce the possibility of fire or explosion:

- When initially selecting an organic solvent, choose a solvent having the highest flash point consistent with your analytical requirements.
- Never use a solvent having a specific gravity lower than 0.75.
- Never leave uncovered containers of flammable solvent standing near the burner. When aspirating such solvents, always use a covered container and feed the capillary tubing through a 2-mm diameter hole in the cover. Always use the smallest volume of solvent consistent with your analytical requirements.
- Always use solvent-resistant tubing such as nitrile rubber for the drainage system and the vapor vent. Lead the drainage tube to a suitable wide-necked waste vessel (as described in the next paragraph). The standard plastic laboratory tubing supplied with your instrument is not suitable for draining organic solvents or venting organic vapors. If organic or toxic solutions are being used in the spray chamber, vent tubing must be connected to the vapor vent on the liquid trap, run parallel to the drain tubing, and led to an active exhaust system. Do not lead the vapor tubing to the waste vessel. If you are not using toxic or hazardous liquids in the spray chamber, leave the vapor vent uncovered.

## Safety Practices and Hazards

- Use small, wide-necked waste vessels and empty them frequently—do not accumulate large volumes of flammable solvent. Do not use glass waste vessels—use vessels made of a material that will not shatter in the event of a flashback. Metal vessels will corrode and it is difficult to determine the level of liquid in them. Ensure that your waste vessel is below the instrument and located in an open, well-ventilated position where you can see it. Never locate the vessel in a confined space.
- When your analytical program has been completed, or at the end of the working day, always empty and rinse the waste vessel.
- When your analytical program has been completed, or at the end of the working day, always empty, clean, and refill the liquid trap.
- Do not mix nitric or perchloric acid residues with organic solvent residues.
- Keep the burner slot, spray chamber, and liquid trap clean.
- Always use the internal igniter to light the flame as the flame will not operate unless all the safety interlocks are satisfied.



**Figure 1.** System setup diagram

### **Compressed gases and cylinders for flame operation**

This spectrometer must only be used with air, nitrous oxide, and acetylene for flame operation.

*Never* use oxygen or oxygen-enriched air as the oxidant because this results in an explosion.

*Never* use any gas except acetylene as the fuel gas.

### **Acetylene**

Unskilled, improper, or careless use of acetylene can create explosion hazards and fire hazards that can result in death, severe personal injury, or burns.

Use acetylene at pressures lower than 105 kPa (15 psig). At pressures above this level, acetylene can explode spontaneously. Your Agilent AA is designed to operate at fuel supply pressures between 65 and 100 kPa (9.5–14.5 psig). Refer to the 'Specifications' section or the rear of the instrument for the exact range and recommended pressure.

Do not use any tubing or connector that reacts chemically with acetylene. Never pass acetylene through copper tubing, or brass tubing or fittings containing more than 65% copper, since this may provoke an explosion. Never bring acetylene into direct contact with copper, silver, liquid mercury, gaseous chlorine, or grease, as an explosion could result.

Use only acetylene that is packed in acetone. Some gas suppliers offer acetylene packed in material other than acetone. While these alternatives may overcome some of the disadvantages of acetone, they may also introduce the more serious problem of corrosion in the gas control module and must not be used with Agilent atomic absorption spectrometers.

If the pressure in the acetylene cylinder is allowed to fall below 700 kPa (100 psig), or the consumption is greater than 1/7 of the cylinder contents per hour, acetone may be carried over from the cylinder and into the spectrometer. Acetone in the spectrometer can damage seals, O-rings and hoses, degrade analytical performance and precipitate flashbacks.

## Safety Practices and Hazards

Minimize the amount of acetone that is carried over with the acetylene by:

- Replacing cylinders when their contents pressure drops below 700 kPa (100 psi)
- Ensuring that the rate of acetylene drawn off from each cylinder is not excessive.

If high rates of consumption are observed, then connect two or more cylinders in parallel to a manifold. This reduces the rate at which acetylene is drawn from each cylinder.

To reduce the possibility of fire or explosion:

- Test the supply 'plumbing' regularly for leaks with a brush and soapy water or a proprietary leak-detecting solution (never use a naked flame when testing for leaks)
- 'Crack' the cylinder before use by gently opening the valve to check for any drops or spray of acetone. Any cylinder showing acetone should be returned to the supplier for replacement.

Use 'Instrument Grade' acetylene that is at least 99.5% pure.

Turn off fuel gas at the cylinder when you have completed your flame analysis.

Refer also to your local regulations governing the use of acetylene.

### **Nitrous oxide**

The decompression of high-pressure N<sub>2</sub>O gas at the regulator can cause excessive cooling and eventual freezing of the regulator. To prevent regulator malfunction and possible flashback, the gas should be heated with an in-line or wrap-around heater.

### **Burners**

Improper or careless use of burners can create explosion hazards and fire hazards that can cause death, serious injury to personnel and damage to equipment and property.

Whenever you handle burners, remember that the burner may be very hot. Always use protective gloves to handle burners.

Burners are clearly identified by the fuel/oxidant combination for which they are intended. Always fit the correct burner. Never attempt to use an air-acetylene burner for nitrous oxide-acetylene, as this causes a flashback.

Use only acetylene as the fuel gas.

Use only air or nitrous oxide as oxidant. Never attempt to use oxygen or oxygen-enriched air, as this causes a flashback.

Burner interlocks are incorporated to minimize the possibility of using the wrong burner. Never interfere with or attempt to bypass any interlock fitted to this instrument.

To minimize the rate of burner blockage, the burner slot must be cleaned and polished as described in the 'Maintenance' section.

Never allow burners to become blocked. Progressive burner blockage can increase the static pressure in the liquid trap to the point at which the liquid seal is breached. This can cause a flashback and create an explosion hazard or a fire hazard.

Never allow carbon to build up on the slot, as glowing particles can dislodge and fall through the slot, causing a flashback.

Always turn off the flame before attempting to clean the burner slot. Never clean the slot of a burner while a flame is running.

Never leave a flame unattended.

Never disassemble or modify a burner. *Never* use a damaged burner.

### **Nebulizer**

Incorrect assembly and fitting of nebulizers to an atomic absorption spectrometer can create explosion hazards and fire hazards that can cause serious injury to personnel and damage to equipment and property.

Ensure that the nebulizer is correctly assembled and correctly fitted to the spray chamber before lighting the flame. Nebulizers should be correctly adjusted before lighting the flame.

## Safety Practices and Hazards

Never remove a nebulizer from the spray chamber while the flame is on, and do not use a mechanical device (for example, a wire) to clean the capillary of a nebulizer while a flame is operating. Always extinguish the flame before removing the nebulizer from the spray chamber.

Regularly test all connections for leaks. Rectify all leaks before lighting the flame.

### **Liquid trap**

Improper use of the liquid trap can create explosion hazards, fire hazards, and toxic vapor hazards that can result in death or serious personal injury.

The liquid trap interlock is incorporated to minimize the possibility of attempting to operate the instrument with an empty trap or with the drain tube missing. Never interfere with this interlock. Never attempt to bypass this interlock.

Always fill the liquid trap with the same solvent that is being used for your samples.

The trap is designed to provide a liquid seal under all normal conditions with solutions having a specific gravity greater than 0.75. Never use a solution or solvent having a specific gravity lower than 0.75, otherwise the liquid seal can be breached. This can create a flashback and create an explosion hazard or a fire hazard.

A length of tubing must be connected to the drain outlet on the trap and led to a suitable waste vessel. The free end of the tubing must remain above the liquid in the waste vessel. Do not use glass waste vessels—use vessels made of a material that will not shatter in the event of a flashback.



A length of tubing should be connected to the vapor vent (the upper nipple) on the liquid trap when you are analyzing organic or toxic liquids. This tubing should be led out from the sample compartment, parallel to the drain tubing, and *must* slope downwards to enable any liquid overflow to drain out and prevent the tubing from becoming blocked. Do *not* lead the vapor tubing to the waste vessel. If necessary, an active exhaust system should be used to draw away toxic vapors. If you are not analyzing solutions of a toxic nature, leave the vapor outlet uncovered.

### Heat hazards

An open flame, burners, and other hot surfaces can present heat hazards that can result in severe burns.

When operating a flame system, always operate your spectrometer with the flame shield closed, and the sample compartment front panel in place. Keep your hands out of the sample compartment while a flame is burning.

When operating a flame system make sure that the chimney is in place with the cutaway skirt (if present) to the back. Before you touch the instrument chimney, turn off the flame and allow the chimney to cool.

When you change burners, remember that the burner may be very hot. Always use protective gloves when removing a burner from the instrument.

### Perchloric acid

Aspiration of perchloric acid and perchlorates into a nitrous oxide-acetylene flame can create an explosion hazard that can result in death or serious injury, including temporary or permanent impairment of hearing.

Do not use perchloric acid unless it is absolutely essential for sample preparation. If perchloric acid must be used, it may be possible to reduce the risk of explosion by taking the following measures:

- Use an air-acetylene flame instead of a nitrous oxide-acetylene flame.

## Safety Practices and Hazards

- Reduce the concentration of perchloric acid and metal in all analytical solutions to the lowest practicable level. The concentration of perchloric acid should be reduced in the digestion stage and further reduced by extending the fuming stage.
- Aspirate all solutions for the shortest practicable period.
- Aspirate distilled water between samples. Minimize the aspiration of air.
- Use separate spray chamber/liquid trap and drain assemblies for perchloric acid analyses and organic solvent analyses to prevent perchloric acid from mixing with organic solvent residues.

### NOTE

When solvent extractions of perchloric solutions are performed, some of the acid may dissolve in the organic solvent that is subsequently aspirated. Also, if the organic solution is aspirated while floating on the surface of the acid, do not allow the capillary tube to drop below the organic layer and suck up aqueous perchloric acid.

---

When using perchloric acid, wear approved ear protectors and approved safety glasses and ensure that all instrument safety covers are in position.

## Flashbacks

A flashback is an explosion of the gas mixture in the spray chamber, which can occur for several reasons. For more details, refer to the SpectrAA software Help.

Agilent AA spectrometers have several safety features in place to prevent flashbacks, and flashbacks are very rare in circumstances where instruments are properly maintained.

In the rare event that a flashback does occur, the Agilent AA instrument safety features are designed to safely relieve the pressure and minimize damage. In addition to reading the list below, refer to the Maintenance section of this User's Guide and the SpectrAA software Help for recommended maintenance procedures to prevent flashbacks.

Analysis over many years has shown that in most cases, flashbacks are associated with one or more of the following points. If you experience a flashback, check this list to see if any of the points are relevant, and take steps to remedy the situation.

- 1** Keep the burner clean. Deposits must not be allowed to build up in or on the burner slot because they can partially block it (thus causing the pressure to build up in the spray chamber and breach the seal provided by the liquid trap), or glowing particles can fall down through the slot into the spray chamber and ignite the combustible gas mixture inside.  
The use of a hard object to brush off glowing carbon particles during flame operation is not recommended because of the increased risk of knocking one of the particles down the slot. When using an organic solvent, a reduced uptake rate should be used to restrict the amount of liquid fuel that is fed to the flame.
- 2** The width of the burner slot must not exceed the maximum design specification [Mark VIA: 0.47 mm (0.0185 in) for  $N_2O$ ; Mark 7 0.46 mm (0.0181 in) for  $N_2O$ ; or 0.54 mm (0.021 in) for air]. Even a small increase in width can greatly increase the possibility of a flashback occurring.  
The burner slot must be regularly cleaned according to the instructions included in the 'Maintenance' chapter of this manual.
- 3** Ensure that the spray chamber and liquid trap are kept clean. If dirty solutions are being analyzed (for example, engine oils), ensure that the spray chamber, liquid trap, float, and drain tube are regularly cleaned and flushed with a suitable solvent so that sludge does not build up in the parts.
- 4** Ensure that the correct O-rings are used on the burner, nebulizer block and nebulizer, and that they remain undamaged.  
Damage to O-rings in the spray chamber can result in the leakage of gas that can be ignited by the flame and in turn set fire to the spray chamber.  
Damage to O-rings in the nebulizer can allow leakage of the oxidant that can reduce the total flow of gas through the burner slot and so increase the possibility of a flashback occurring.
- 5** The liquid trap must be filled with the same solution as the matrix used for the standards and samples.

- 6** The drain tube must be attached to the lower nipple of the liquid trap, and it must slope downwards all the way to the drain vessel so that the waste liquid drains smoothly.

The end of the drain tube must not be allowed to drop below the level of the liquid in the vessel. (Conversely, the level of liquid must not be allowed to rise sufficiently to cover the end of the tube.)

When using organic or toxic liquids in the spray chamber, a vent tube must be attached to the upper vent nipple of the liquid trap. It must slope downwards (running parallel to the drain tube) to prevent it becoming blocked should any liquid drain out, and be vented to an active exhaust system.

All the above points must be observed because a sudden surge of waste liquid can affect the pressure in the spray chamber and result in a flashback.

- 7** Since  $N_2O$  is stored in the cylinder under pressure as a liquid, when it expands through the regulator it can cool the regulator sufficiently to form ice on the outside and prevent it from operating correctly.

Prevent freezing by using a heater on the  $N_2O$  regulator on the supply cylinder. Contact the supplier of the regulator for a suitable heater.

- 8** As free acetylene is unstable at elevated pressure, it has to be stored in the cylinder by dissolving it in acetone.

If the gas is withdrawn too quickly, or the cylinder pressure is allowed to drop below 700 kPa, acetone may be drawn off in sufficient quantities to affect analytical performance, damage seals, O-rings and hoses, or even cause a flashback. Observe the recommendations concerning the use of acetylene.

- 9** Where possible, do not perform digests with perchloric acid. As this acid is known for forming unstable salts, operators using this acid should ensure that the minimum amount is allowed to reach the spectrometer, and that the burner, spray chamber and liquid trap are thoroughly cleaned after each analysis to ensure that unstable salts are not allowed to build up. Failure to do this can result in unpredictable flashbacks.

- 10 Aspirating solutions (especially alkaline/ammoniacal ones) that contain high concentrations of Ag and Cu can lead to the formation of acetylides that can spontaneously decompose and cause a flashback.

See Page 85 for instructions on what to do if a flashback or flame event occurs.

## Furnace and Zeeman operation

### Gases

The graphite tube atomizer gas supply system is designed for use with inert gases and air.

*Never* use pure hydrogen with the graphite tube atomizer since this could result in leakage and potentially explosive accumulation of hydrogen. You may, however, use a proprietary, prepackaged mixture of 95% argon (or nitrogen) and 5% hydrogen. *Never* attempt to create your own mixture of hydrogen and an inert gas for use with the GTA system.

### Heat hazards

A hot furnace atomizer can present heat hazards that can result in severe burns to personnel. Never put your hands in the sample compartment while you are operating your furnace.

Allow the furnace atomizer to cool before removing it from the sample compartment.

### Vapors and fumes

*Never* place your head over the graphite tube atomizer while it is operating. This could cause inhalation of hazardous or toxic fumes, or your skin and eyes could be injured by corrosive vapors or fumes.

The chimney or the optional exhaust accessory must be in place for furnace operation to ensure that toxic vapors and heat are exhausted.

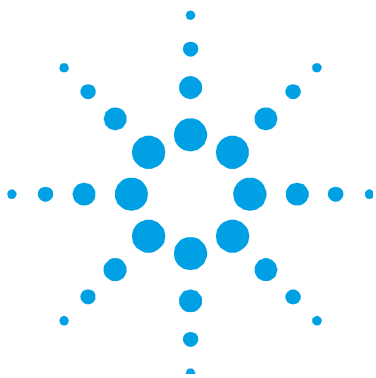
### **UV radiation**

When viewing the sample during the drying stage, use only a rear coated mirror (as supplied) or the Tube-CAM option. *Never* look directly at the furnace during either the ash or atomize stages.

### **Magnetic field (Zeeman only)**

The magnet produces a variable magnetic field of up to 0.8 Tesla peak at mains frequency in the workhead during the read stage.

To avoid interference with heart pacemakers or magnetic storage media, keep them at least 300 mm from the magnet.



## 2. Introduction

Instrument Overview	32
Installation requirements	38
Agilent AA documentation	38
Specifications	38

The Agilent 200 series AA spectrometers are controlled by Agilent's innovative AA worksheet software. The Agilent series AA includes the following instruments:

This documentation is appropriate for the following instruments:

240/240FS AA, 240Z AA, 280 AA, and 280Z AA.

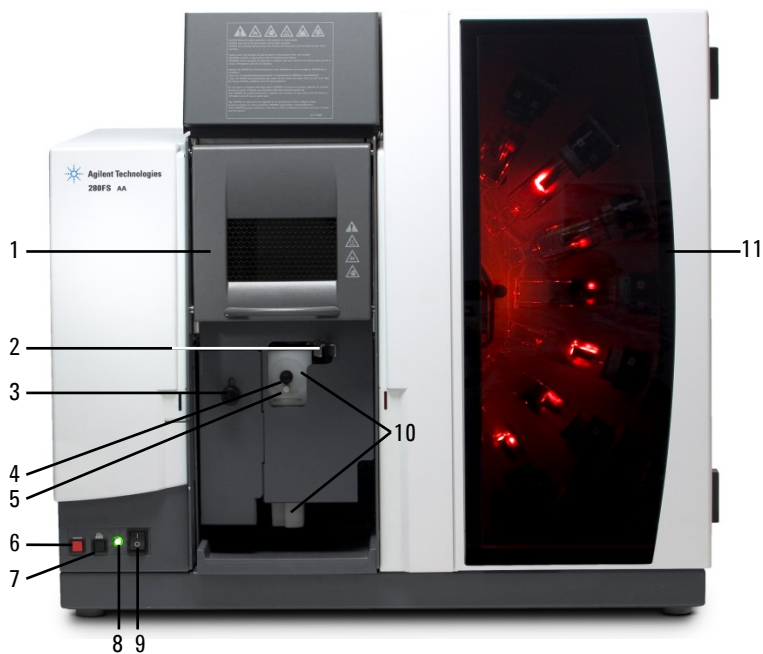
The software is based on a spreadsheet that mimics an analyst's workbook and combines flame, furnace, Zeeman, and vapor operation in one integrated package.

The SpectrAA Base, PRO and CFR software versions run under the Microsoft Windows 7 64-bit (Service pack 1) operating system, and provides the following:

- Innovative, easy to use interface
- Dedicated function keys for critical functions
- Extensive Help including audio and video demonstrations of how to set up your instrument
- "Tool Tips" state the allowed range for each field
- Comprehensive error system
- The capacity to simultaneously operate one flame and one furnace (deuterium or Zeeman) spectrometer simultaneously from one computer (requires SpectrAA PRO version software)
- Features to assist users to achieve compliance with US FDA 21 CFR Part 11 requirements (optional CFR version only)

## Instrument Overview

Flame instruments front view

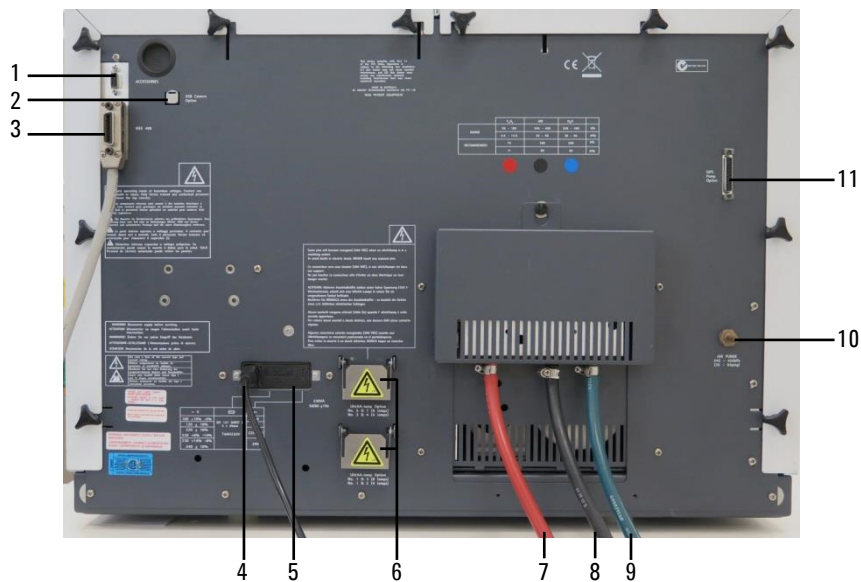


Where:

1. Flame shield	7. Flame-on button
2. Burner adjustment handles	8. Instrument status LED
3. Burner height adjustment	9. Power switch
4. Nebulizer and flow adjustment	10. Spray chamber and liquid trap assembly (behind the grey cover)
5. Impact bead adjustment	11. Lamp compartment (Eight lamps are shown here. A four lamp compartment is also available.)
6. Flame-off button	



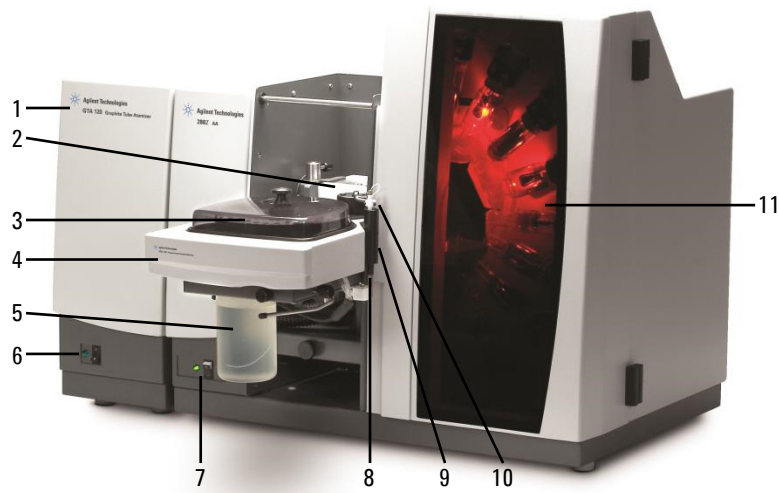
## Flame instruments back view



Where:

1. Accessories serial port, such as the GTA Viewing/Fume Extraction accessory	7. C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub> gas line
2. USB camera cable port	8. Air gas line
3. IEEE 488 cable port	9. N <sub>2</sub> O gas line
4. Power cable	10. Air purge port
5. Fuse and power setting housing	11. SIPS pump option port
6. UltrAA lamp option ports	

**Zeeman instruments front view**

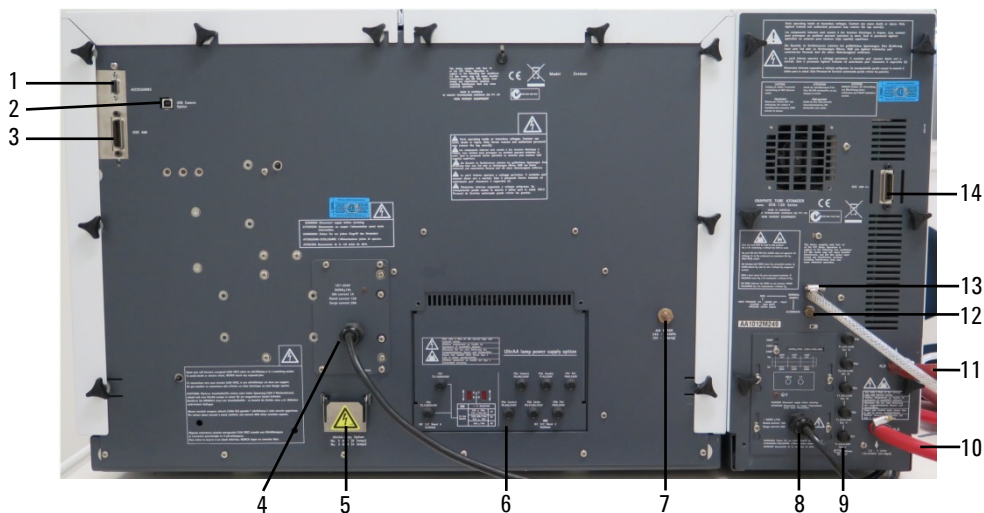


Where:

1. GTA 120 Graphite Tube Atomizer	7. Zeeman AA instrument status LED and power switch
2. Zeeman workhead	8. PSD 120 waste port
3. PSD 120 sample tray	9. PSD 120 rinse tube
4. PSD 120 Programmable Sample Dispenser	10. PSD 120 probe
5. Rinse solution	11. Lamp compartment (Eight lamps are shown here. A four lamp compartment is also available.)
6. GTA 120 instrument status LED and power switch	

See the User's Guides supplied with the GTA 120 and PSD 120 for more information about those accessories.

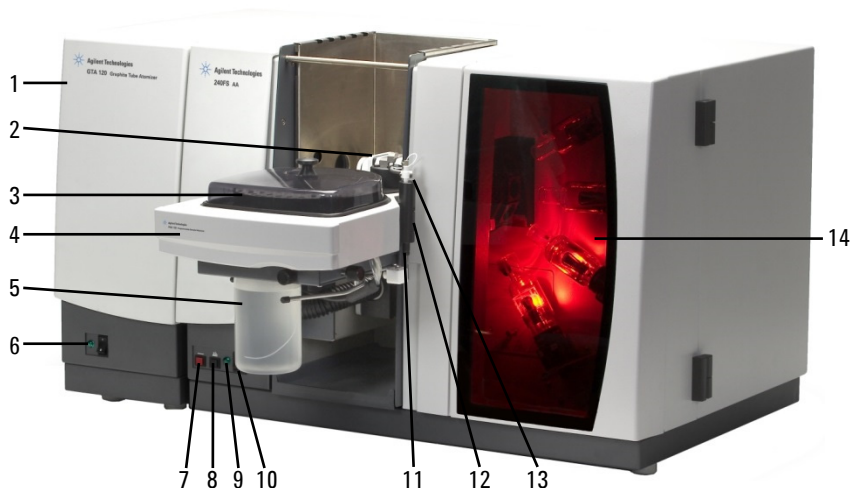
## Zeeman instrument back view



## Where:

1. Accessories serial port, such as the GTA Viewing/Fume Extraction accessory	8. GTA 120 power cable
2. USB camera cable port	9. GTA 120 fuses
3. AA instrument IEEE 488 cable port	10. Water in
4. Power cable	11. Water out
5. UltrAA lamp option port	12. Alternate gas inlet, typically nitrogen or air
6. UltrAA accessory and fuses	13. Normal gas inlet, typically argon
7. Air purge port	14. GTA 120 IEEE 488 cable port

**Furnace instruments front view**

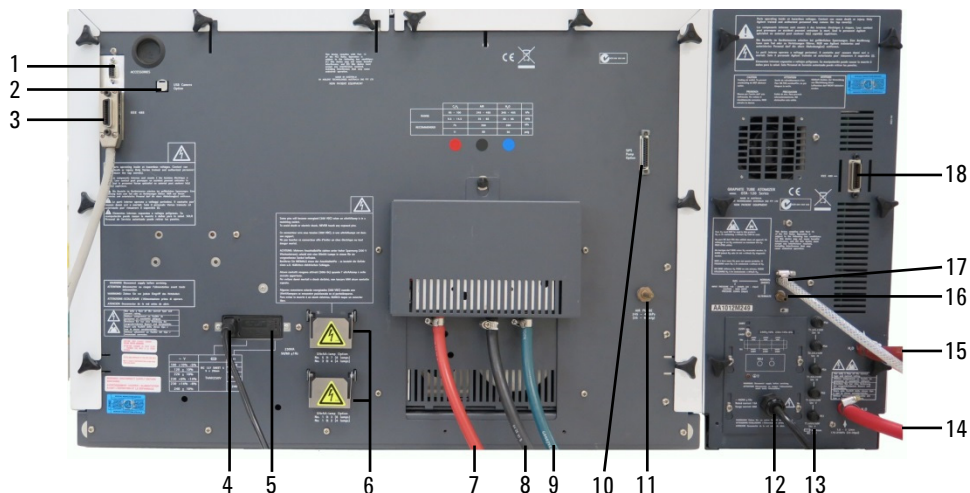


Where:

1. GTA 120 Graphite Tube Atomizer	8. Flame-on button
2. Workhead	9. Instrument status LED
3. PSD 120 sample tray	10. AA instrument power switch
4. PSD 120 Programmable Sample Dispenser	11. PSD 120 waste port
5. Rinse solution	12. PSD 120 rinse tube
6. GTA 120 instrument status LED and power switch	13. PSD 120 probe
7. Flame-off button	14. Lamp compartment (Four lamps are shown here. An eight lamp compartment is also available.)

See the User's Guides supplied with the GTA 120 and PSD 120 for more information about those accessories.

## Furnace instruments back view



## Where:

1. Accessories serial port, such as the GTA Viewing/Fume Extraction Accessory	10. SIPS pump option port
2. USB camera cable port	11. Air purge port
3. AA instrument IEEE 488 cable port	12. GTA 120 power cable
4. AA instrument power cable	13. GTA 120 fuses
5. AA instrument fuse and power setting housing	14. Water in
6. UltrAA lamp option ports	15. Water out
7. C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub> gas line	16. Alternate gas inlet, typically nitrogen or air
8. Air gas line	17. Normal gas inlet, typically argon
9. N <sub>2</sub> O gas line	18. GTA 120 IEEE 488 cable port

### Installation requirements

Before you receive your instrument, you are given an Agilent AA Site Preparation Guide; which describes the environmental and operating requirements of the Agilent AA system. Prepare your laboratory according to those instructions before the Agilent AA can be installed. Keep the Site Preparation Guide for future reference. If you have misplaced your copy, you can obtain a replacement from your local Agilent office.

### Agilent AA documentation

This manual covers the installation of the Agilent SpectrAA software for 240/280 series AA instruments. Instructions for installing, operating, and maintaining the instruments are included in the SpectrAA Help (see Page 74).

Operating instructions for the Sample Introduction Pump System (SIPS) and other AA accessories are given in the manuals accompanying the accessories or in the SpectrAA Help

### Conventions

The following conventions have been used throughout this manual:

- Single quotes ( ' ') indicate a selection that you can make from several choices, such as radio buttons, checkboxes, and software items.
- ALL CAPITALS indicates text that you must type in from the keyboard (for example, type SETUP at the prompt).

### Specifications

#### Equipment class

Your Agilent AA instrument is designed for indoor use only and is classified suitable under Equipment Class I category.

### Installation category

The installation category is II, based on IEC61010-1. The installation category implies the regulation for impulse withstand voltage. It is also called the 'Over voltage category'. 'II' applies to electrical equipment with a nominal supply voltage up to 300 V.

### Pollution level

The pollution level is 2, based on IEC61010-1. Pollution level describes the degree to which a solid, liquid, or gas that deteriorates dielectric strength is adhering. '2' applies to a normal indoor atmosphere, where only nonconductive pollution occurs.

### Environmental

Condition	Altitude	Temp (°C)	Humidity (%RH) non-condensing
Non-operating (transport)	0–2133 m (0–7000')	5–45	20–80
Operating within performance specifications	0–853 m (0–2800')	10–35	8–80
	853–2133 m (2800–7000')	10–25	8–80

For optimum analytical performance, it is recommended that the ambient temperature of the laboratory is between 20–25 °C and held constant to within  $\pm 2$  °C throughout the entire working day.

**Power**

<b>System unit</b>	<b>Required supply voltage</b>	<b>Rating</b>
240 AA	100, 120, 220/230, 230/240 VAC 50 or 60 Hz	170 VA
280 AA	100, 120, 220/230, 230/240 VAC 50 or 60 Hz	230 VA
Zeeman version		
240Z AA	208–240 VAC 50 or 60 Hz	1000 VA **
280Z AA	208–240 VAC 50 or 60 Hz	1000 VA **
GTA accessory power supply	208/220/240 VAC 50 or 60 Hz	15 A

\*\* In normal operation, the Zeeman and GTA units draw surge currents more than the nominal rating. Power supplies to these units must be isolated from other supplies to the system and should include delayed action protection devices such as circuit breakers or motor start fuses.

The VA and current figures above are the typical continuous VA and current drawn by AA and GTA. During the atomize cycle, surge currents for very short spans of time (between 1 and 5 second) may be drawn by AA (up to 48 A) and by GTA (up to 40 A).



## Power Connections

Agilent AA instruments are supplied with different power plugs to suit the area into which they are sold:

<b>Area - code</b>	<b>AA instrument Plug supplied</b>	<b>GTA 120, Zeeman</b>
Australia -00	10 A, 250 VAC Complies with AS3112	Clipsal 439D15M
USA -01	Complies with NEMA 5-15P	Complies with NEMA L6-30P (Hubbell #2621)
Canada -01	Complies with NEMA 5-15P	20 A, 250 VAC, Complies with NEMA L6-20P (Hubbell #2321+)
Europe -02	Perena 3410 (Complies with CEE 7 Sheet VII or NFC 61.303)	Kaiser CEBEC 616 VDE (Complies with DIN 49441R2)
<b>Suitable socket required</b>		
Australia -00	General purpose 10 A 250 V outlet (HPM 787, Clipsal 15)	Dedicated circuit, 15 A 250 V outlet (HPM 787/15, Clipsal 15/15)
USA -01	To comply with NEMA 5-15R (15 A supply) (Hubbell IG 5262)	To comply with NEMA L6-30R (30 A supply) (Hubbell #2626)
Canada -01	To comply with NEMA 5-15R (15 A supply) (Hubbell IG 5262)	20 A, 250 VAC, Complies with NEMA L6-20R (Hubbell #2326+)
Europe -02	To comply with CEE 7 standard No.7 Sheet VII, or Norma Francais C61.303 Sheet V.A.	No standard known (Kaiser CEBEC 702 type 31/131.5)
Power supply, current rating and overload protection	Between 5 and 20 A	Between 30 and 40 A
Power supply	Single phase	Single phase

Do not position the equipment so that it is difficult to operate the disconnecting device.

### Other Electrical Connections

#### Rear of instrument:

- IEEE 488
  - Accessory, 9-way female D-range type
  - Accessory, MCA, 6-way DIN type (AA280FS and AA280Z only)
  - USB port, optional
  - UltrAA lamp connections: Burndy circular 6-way, optional (actual number depends on the model and option selected)
- 

#### WARNING



#### Shock Hazard

*High voltage*– To maintain safety, only the UltrAA lamp power supplies should be used at these connections.

Some pins will become energized (300 VDC) when an UltrAA lamp is in a matching socket. To avoid death or electric shock, NEVER touch any exposed pins.

Certaines broches du culot des lampes sont sous tension (300 VCC) à la mise en place d'une UltrAA lampe. Pour éviter l'électrocution ou la mort, ne jamais toucher les broches sous tension.

---

#### Front of instrument:

- Zeeman workhead CPC 14 way connection behind the Left cover (Zeeman only).
- 

#### WARNING



#### Shock Hazard

To prevent connector damage, switch OFF the instrument before inserting the plug and *always* turn the locknut fully clockwise to the detent position. To maintain safety, only the Zeeman workhead connector should be used at this connection.

---

**Lamp bay:**

- Deuterium lamp:  
Molex 3-way connection, in lamp compartment (behind lamp panel in lamp compartment on 240/280 series AA instruments).
- 

**WARNING****Shock Hazard**

**To maintain safety, only the deuterium lamp should be used at these connections.**

---

- Hollow cathode lamps:
    - Four lamp capacity on the 240 series AA
    - Eight lamp capacity on the 280 series AA
- 

**WARNING****Shock Hazard**

***High voltage* – To maintain safety, only hollow cathode lamps should be used at these connections.**

---

### Fuses

**CAUTION**

For continued protection against fire hazard replace fuse only with same type and rating.

---

**Non-Zeeman****240 series AA**

T2.5 A H250 V, IEC 127 sheet 5, 5 x 20 mm (100–120 & 220–240 VAC)

**280FS AA**

T4 A H250 V, IEC 127 sheet 5, 5 x 20 mm (100–120 & 220–240 VAC)

**Zeeman****240Z/280Z AA**

15 A long delayed-action circuit breaker with a thermal cutout.

T3.15 A H 250 V, IEC 127 sheet 5, 5 x 20 mm (208–240 VAC)

T3.15 mA L 250 V, IEC 127 sheet 2, 5 x 20 mm (208–240 VAC)

T1 A L 250 V, IEC 127 sheet 2, 5 x 20 mm (208–240 VAC)

T6-3 AL 250 V, IEC 60127-2 sheet 3, 5 x 20

T800 mA L 250 V, IEC 127 sheet 2, 5 x 20 mm (208–240 VAC)

**NOTE**

For safety reasons, any other internal fuse or circuit breaker is not operator accessible, and should be replaced only by Agilent field service engineers.

---

Fuse information on the rear of the instrument is the most up to date.

### Gas supplies

	<b>C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub></b>	<b>Air</b>	<b>N<sub>2</sub>O</b>	<b>Air purge</b>
	Instrument grade >99.5% pure	Must be clean and dry. (Air filter to be used if required)	Instrument grade >99.5% pure	
Allowed range	65–100 kPa (9.5–14.5psi)	245–455 kPa (35–65 psi)	245–455 kPa (35–65 psi)	245–455 kPa (35–65 psi)
Recommended	75 kPa (11 psi)	350 kPa (50 psi)	350 kPa (50 psi)	
Typical flow rate	0–10 (L/min)	13.5-20 (L/min)	11–16 (L/min)	10 (L/min)
Connection	1.8 m (6 ft) length of 6.3 mm (1/4 in) ID red hose with 9/16 in-18UNF L/H thread fitting#	1.8 m (6 ft) length of 6.3 mm (1/4 in) ID black hose with 9/16 in-18UNF fitting#	1.8 m (6 ft) length of 6.3 mm (1/4 in) ID blue hose with 3/4 in-16UNF fitting#	Barb to take 6.3 mm (1/4 in) hose

#Adaptors are available

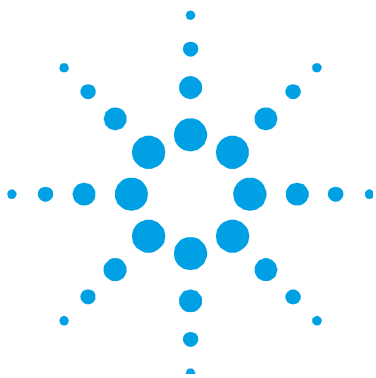
### Other gas connections

Sample compartment: Push-on Air/N<sub>2</sub>O connector for burner  
Push-on C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub> connector for burner

### Weights and dimensions

<b>Spectrometer System unit</b>	<b>Width</b>	<b>Depth</b>	<b>Height</b>	<b>Weight</b>
240 AA instrument only	790 mm (31 in.)	585 mm (23 in.)	575 mm (22.5 in.)	56 kg (123 lb)
240 AA instrument and shipping box	1215 mm (48 in.)	780 mm (31 in.)	880 mm (35 in.)	97 kg (213 lb)
280 AA instrument only	790 mm (31 in.)	585 mm (23 in.)	735 mm (29 in.)	69 kg (152 lb)
280 AA instrument and shipping box	1170 mm (46 in.)	890 mm (35 in.)	890 mm (35 in.)	106 kg (234 lb)
280Z AA instrument only	790 mm (31 in.)	585 mm (23 in.)	735 mm (29 in.)	61 kg (135 lb)
280Z AA instrument and shipping box	1170 mm (46 in.)	890 mm (35 in.)	890 mm (35 in.)	92 kg (203 lb)

*This page is intentionally left blank.*



### 3. Installation

PC requirements	48
Installation procedure overview	49
Guidelines for software installation	49
Installing the SpectrAA CFR software	50
Installing the SpectrAA Base software	50
Configuring the SPS 4 autosampler	53
Determining the SPS 4 COM port	53
Installing the SpectrAA PRO software	54
GPIB communications	55
Connecting and configuring an Agilent AA spectrometer DUO system	59
Configuring the software to use manual sampling	62
USB to RS-232 interfaces	62
Starting the SpectrAA software	63
SpectrAA Release Notes and Software Status Bulletin	64
Installing the drivers for the Tube-CAM Furnace Camera option	65
Printer setup	67
Troubleshooting	67
Service installation module	67
Software re-installation	68

This chapter describes how to prepare your personal computer (PC) and printer for use with the Agilent AA system and install the SpectrAA software on your PC.

### PC requirements

If you are supplying your own PC for use with an Agilent AA instrument, the recommended configurations of that PC are listed on the following page.

#### Recommended PC configuration

- IBM compatible PC with 2.66 GHz processor
- 4 GB RAM
- 500 GB Hard disk drive
- 256 MB Graphics card supporting 1024 x 768 resolution
- 16 speed DVD drive
- Integrated audio/sound card and speakers
- Keyboard and Mouse
- 19 in LCD Monitor
- Windows 7 Professional 64-bit (Service pack 1) operating system

#### NOTE

The PC must have one spare PCI expansion slot for the Agilent PCI-GPIB interface card.

---

If an Agilent SPS 3 Sample Preparation System or ETC 60 accessory is being used an RS232 port is required for each of these.

A USB port is required if the Agilent SPS 4 Autosampler or camera option is used.

Locate the PC keyboard and mouse for ergonomically correct access.



## Installation procedure overview

There are three software installation scenarios:

- SpectrAA Base (for use with SpectrAA Base version 5.2 or greater and Windows 7 Professional 64-bit SP1 operating systems)
- SpectrAA PRO (for use with SpectrAA PRO version 5.2 or greater and Windows 7 Professional 64-bit SP1 operating systems)
- SpectrAA CFR (for use with SpectrAA CFR version 5.2 or greater and Windows 7 Professional 64-bit SP1 operating systems only)

The following table lists the procedure for each software installation scenario.

<b>SpectrAA Base (Page 50)</b>	<b>SpectrAA PRO (Page 54)</b>	<b>SpectrAA CFR (Page 50)</b>
<b>1.</b> Install SpectrAA Base	<b>1.</b> Install SpectrAA Base	<b>1</b> Install SpectrAA Base
<b>2.</b> Configure instrument for use	<b>2.</b> Configure first instrument for use	<b>2</b> Configure first instrument for use
<b>3.</b> Install SpectrAA Help and Videos	<b>3.</b> Install SpectrAA Help and Videos	<b>3</b> Install SpectrAA Pro
<b>4.</b> Install GPIB Communications Card or USB-GPIB-HS Converter	<b>4.</b> Install SpectrAA PRO	<b>4</b> Install SpectrAA CFR
	<b>5.</b> Install GPIB Communications Card or USB-GPIB-HS Converter	<b>5</b> Install GPIB Communications Card
	<b>6.</b> Configure for DUO operation (if DUO is used)	<b>6</b> Install SpectrAA Help and Videos
		<b>7</b> Configure for DUO operation (if DUO is used)

## Guidelines for software installation

The following information assumes that you are working on a clean, empty hard disk. If you have any other files on the PC hard disk, ensure that you make backups of these files before continuing.

### NOTE

Agilent will not assume responsibility for the loss of data files or third-party software.

Refer to the documentation supplied with Microsoft Windows for instructions on installing the Windows operating system. It is the responsibility of the customer to ensure that the Microsoft Windows operating system is installed on the computer.

### Installing the SpectrAA CFR software

Because the CFR version is an upgrade to the Base installation, the SpectrAA Base version 5.2 or greater and SpectrAA Pro version 5.2 or greater must be installed before any installation of the CFR version.

For complete installation instructions, see the SpectrAA Software Installation Instructions for 21 CFR Part 11 Environments supplied with the SpectrAA CFR software.

### Installing the SpectrAA Base software

#### NOTE

This procedure is for SpectrAA version 5.2 or greater and Microsoft Windows 7 Professional 64-bit SP1 operating systems only.

If you have an SPS 4 Autosampler and have plugged in the USB cable into the PC and autosampler, remove it from the PC before installing the SpectrAA software.

- 
- 1 Close down all Microsoft Windows applications.
  - 2 Turn off all SpectrAA instruments.
  - 3 Insert the SpectrAA Base CD-ROM into your CD-ROM drive. The installation program should start automatically. If the program does not autostart, in Microsoft Windows Explorer, navigate to the SpectrAA Base disc and then double-click SpectrAABase.exe.
  - 4 Click **Yes** on the User Account Control window to run the program.
  - 5 Select the language from the drop-down menu to use during the installation of the SpectrAA software. Click **OK**.
  - 6 Select **Next** to start the installation.

- 7 Review the License Agreement and then select **I accept the agreement** and then click **Next** or 'Cancel' if you do not accept the agreement. Clicking 'Cancel' stops the software installation.
- 8 Follow the prompts, selecting **Yes**, **Next**, or **OK** on each page.
- 9 The SpectrAA **User Information** window is displayed. Check that the selections are correct, or re-enter them, and then click **Next**.
- 10 Follow the prompts, selecting **Yes**, **Next**, or **OK** on each page.
- 11 Click **Install**.
- 12 From the 'SpectrAA Instrument Configuration' window, select Instrument #1 model, gasbox type, and lamp system from the drop-down list. Then continue with Step 13.

**NOTE**

If you are running a Duo system that includes an Agilent 55B AA instrument, the 55B AA MUST be entered as Instrument #1 in the SpectrAA Instrument Configuration dialog box.

Do not configure the DUO settings for Instrument #2 at this time. It will be done later in the procedure.

Ensure that the DUO check box is not ticked.

- 
- 13 If you are using any accessories, click the **Accessories** tab in the 'SpectrAA Instrument Configuration' window. Select your GTA (Graphite Tube Atomizer), Flame Autosampler and /or ETC 60 from the drop-down lists.
    - a If you select GTA 120, the option for high capacity racks is enabled. Select this option to enable support for the optional high capacity carousel (130 x 1.1 mL samples and 5 x 10 mL standard/modifier solutions).
    - b If you select Agilent SPS 3 flame autosampler, click **Edit COM port parameters** to define the COM port and the settings to be used for communicating with the autosampler. Refer to the SPS 3 operation manual for details of the required communications parameters.

**NOTE**

There may be two options for the SPS 3 autosampler if other Agilent software has been installed. Select 'SPS3 Autosampler' for the SpectrAA software. Do not select 'SPS3 Auto-sampler'.

---

If you have an SPS 4 autosampler, select it from the list. See Page 53 'Configuring the SPS 4 Autosampler' for more instructions **after** the SpectrAA Base installation is complete.

- c** If you are installing the ETC 60 and want to control this accessory from the SpectrAA software, select the COM Port from the drop-down menu to be used to control this accessory.
- 14** Click **OK**. The NI-GPIB software may take some time to install.
- 15** Click **Next** to install the Agilent SPS 4 driver and then **Finish** when prompted.
- 16** Once the entire installation is complete, click **Finish**.
- 17** A message may appear prompting you to install the QuickCam drivers. Click **OK** to dismiss the message. Install the SpectrAA PRO and/or the GPIB Communications device first. The QuickCam drivers are installed later in this procedure.
- 18** Click **OK** to install the SpectrAA Help.
- 19** Remove the SpectrAA Base CD and then insert the SpectrAA Help CD. The installation program should start automatically. If the program does not autostart, in Microsoft Windows Explorer, navigate to the SpectrAA Help CD and then double-click `install.exe`.
  - a** Select **OK** to start the installation.
  - b** Click **Yes** on the User Account Control window to run the program.
  - c** Click **Install Help** to start the SpectrAA Help and Videos installation.
  - d** Click **Finish** when the installation is complete.

- 20 Perform the following two procedures, if applicable:
  - If you have an SPS 4 Autosampler, proceed to the next section ‘Configuring the SPS 4’.
  - If you are installing SpectrAA PRO, proceed to ‘Installing the SpectrAA PRO Software’ on Page 54.
- 21 Reboot your PC and then install the PCI-GPIB communications card (see Page 56) or the USB-GPIB-HS converter (see Page 59). Once this step is complete, if you have a DUO system, you must then connect both instruments to the PC and then configure the IEEE address settings (see Page 59).

## Configuring the SPS 4 autosampler

### To configure the SPS 4 autosampler:

- 1 Shut down the SpectrAA software if it is open.
- 2 Follow the instructions provided in the SPS 4 Autosampler User’s Guide to set up the hardware.
- 3 Plug one end of the USB cable into the USB port on the autosampler and the other end into a USB port on the computer.
- 4 Navigate to C:\Program Files (x86)\Agilent\SP100\Run.
- 5 Double-click the IHelper.EXE application.
- 6 Click the **Accessories** tab.
- 7 Select Agilent SPS 4 Autosampler in the Flame Auto Sampler section if needed.
- 8 Click **OK** to save the changes.
- 9 Continue to ‘Installing the SpectrAA Pro software’ if applicable or skip to ‘GPIB Communications’ on Page 55.

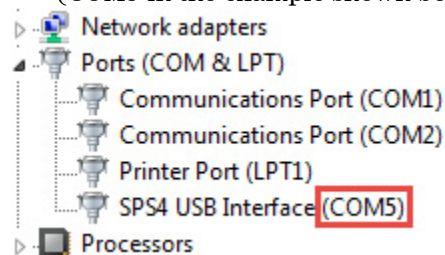
### Determining the SPS 4 COM port

When running the Calibration Wizard, you must select the SPS 4 COM port to start communication between the SPS 4 and the PC. The following procedure explains how to determine the COM port.

For information on how to use the Calibration Wizard, see the SPS 4 Autosampler User's Guide or the SpectrAA Help > Accessories > SPS 4 section.

### To determine the COM port:

- 1 Click **Start > Control Panel > Device Manager**.
- 2 Expand 'Ports'.
- 3 Find the 'SPS4 USB Interface' and note the assigned COM port (COM5 in the example shown below).



**Figure 2.** Example of SPS 4 USB interface COM port

## Installing the SpectrAA PRO software

### NOTE

Installation of the SpectrAA Base version 5.2 or greater must be completed before installing the SpectrAA PRO version 5.2 or greater software. Refer to Page 50 for details.

### NOTE

The selections entered during installation of the Base software (such as User Information, Directory Location) are used for the PRO installation.

---

### To install the SpectrAA PRO software:

- 1 Close down all Microsoft Windows applications.
- 2 Insert the SpectrAA PRO CD-ROM into your CD-ROM drive. The installation program should start automatically. If the program does not auto-start, in Microsoft Windows Explorer navigate to the SpectrAA Pro CD and then double-click SpectrAAPro.exe. Select **OK** to start the installation.

- 3 Click **Yes** on the User Account Control window to run the program.
- 4 Select the language from the drop-down menu to use during the installation of the SpectrAA software. Click **OK**.
- 5 Select **Next** to start the installation.
- 6 Review the License Agreement and then select **I accept the agreement** and then click **Next** or 'Cancel' if you do not accept the agreement. Clicking 'Cancel' stops the software installation.
- 7 Follow the prompts, selecting **Yes**, **Next**, or **OK** on each page.
- 8 A dialog box appears asking for confirmation of the installation destination for SpectrAA Pro.exe. Click **Yes** to install into the previously created SP100\Run folder and then click **Next**.
- 9 Click **Install** to begin the installation.
- 10 The SpectrAA **Instrument Configuration** window is displayed again. Check that the selections are correct and click **OK**.
- 11 During installation, you may be asked to delete the files 'Workgrp.ini' and 'User.ini'. These are created if you opened the SpectrAA software after installing SpectrAA Base but before installing SpectrAA PRO. Select 'Delete this file' (recommended) for both dialog boxes.
- 12 Click **Finish**.
- 13 Click 'Yes' to install the SpectrAA Help if you skipped that step during the SpectrAA Base installation or 'No' to cancel the Help installation if it has already been completed.
- 14 Once the software installation is complete, restart your computer.

## GPIB communications

Either a GPIB communications card or the optional USB-GPIB-HS converter must be installed in your computer to interface the computer and the Agilent AA. See the next section for information on installing the PCI-GPIB communications card or Page 59 for connecting the USB-GPIB-HS converter.

### NOTE

Although the Agilent field service engineer will install the GPIB communications device for you during the installation process, you may need to configure the driver yourself at some later stage, for example if you change the PC.

---

### Installing the PCI-GPIB communications card

The National Instruments PCI-GPIB card supplied with the instrument must be installed in your PC to interface the PC with the Agilent AA spectrometer and accessories.

### CAUTION

The components on the communications card and in the PC are highly static-sensitive. To avoid damaging these components you must drain any static charges from your body before installing the board, and prevent the generation of any new static charges during the installation.

This can be done by wearing an ESD (electrostatic discharge) wrist strap attached to a grounding point. You can obtain a disposable ESD strap from Agilent, otherwise you can obtain one from your local electronics supplier.

---

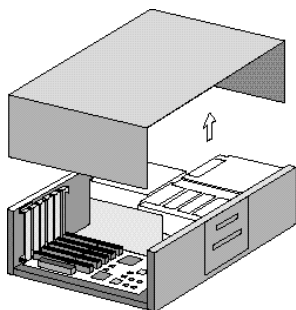
### To install a National Instruments PCI-GPIB communications card:

### NOTE

Ensure that the SpectrAA software has been installed.

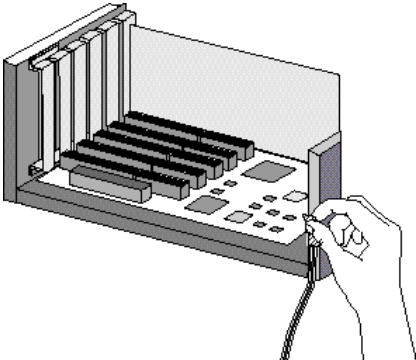
---

- 1 Turn off and unplug the computer.
- 2 Remove the cover, following the instructions in the manual provided with the computer.

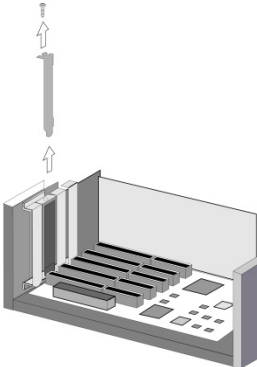




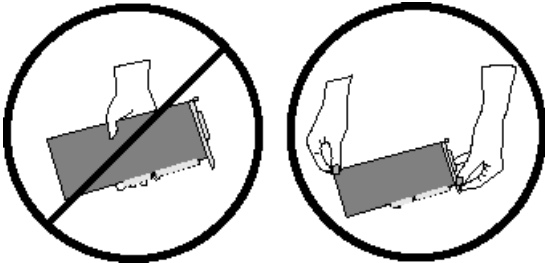
- 3 Attach one end of the ESD strap to a bare metal part of the PC chassis and wrap the other end around your wrist.



- 4 Remove a blanking plate from one of the empty slots in the computer.

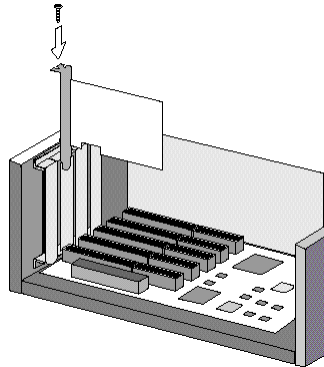


- 5 Remove the card from its static-shielded packaging. Do not touch the gold edge connectors.

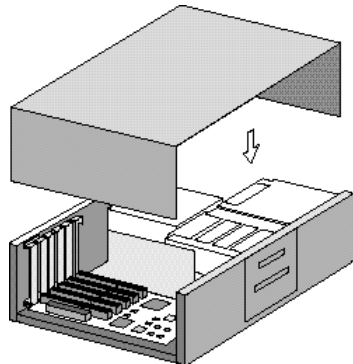


## Installation

- 6 Press the card firmly into the empty PC slot. The gold edge connectors should slide firmly into the matching sockets of the PC slot. Secure the card with the screw.



- 7 Replace the computer cover.



- 8 Connect the cable between the instrument and the computer (one end plugs into the interface board in the computer, and the other plugs into the socket in the rear of the instrument).
- 9 Connect the computer to the mains power.
- 10 Turn on the computer.

### Configuring the PCI-GPIB communications card

Microsoft Windows 7 uses 'plug-n-play' for fully automatic setup.

## Installing the USB-GPIB-HS converter

To install a National Instruments USB-GPIB-HS converter:

### NOTE

Ensure that the SpectrAA software has been installed. Only follow this procedure if you are not using the PCI-GPIB communications card.

- 1 Turn off the computer.
- 2 Connect one end of the converter to the instrument and the other end to the USB connection on the back of the computer.
- 3 Turn on the computer.

## Connecting and configuring an Agilent AA spectrometer DUO system

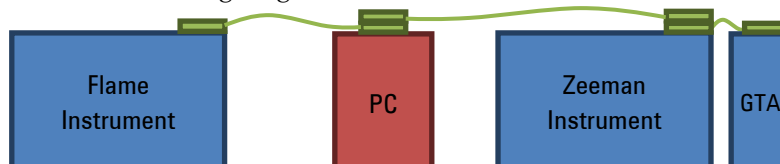
### Setting up for DUO operation and connecting the IEEE cables

### NOTE

Install SpectrAA Base and PRO or CFR software and the GPIB communications card or USB-GPIB-HS converter first before performing this procedure.

To set up and connect an AA Duo system:

- 1 Open SpectrAA.
- 2 On the 'Index' page, click the instrument link on the left side of the page. The 'SpectrAA Instrument Configuration' dialog box opens.
- 3 Ensure 'Duo system' is not ticked and that an instrument is selected in the 'Instrument #1' tab.
- 4 Restart SpectrAA to save the configuration changes.
- 5 Connect both instruments to the PC using IEEE cables as shown in the following diagram. Do not turn on the instruments.



- 6 Return to the 'Index' page of SpectrAA and reopen the 'SpectrAA Instrument Configuration' dialog box.
- 7 Select the **Duo System** checkbox.
- 8 Select the appropriate models in the drop down box for Instruments #1 and #2.

### NOTE

If you are running a Duo system that includes an Agilent 55B AA instrument, the 55B AA **MUST** be entered as Instrument #1 in the SpectrAA Instrument Configuration dialog box.

---

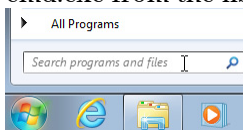
- 9 Click **OK** to close the dialog box.
- 10 Restart SpectrAA to save the configuration settings.

### Configuring the IEEE addresses for Agilent AA-DUO operation

If you are running an Agilent AA-DUO system, you must reconfigure one of the instruments so they have different IEEE addresses. Agilent 55B AA instruments should have a default IEEE address of 1. Agilent 240FS AA, 240Z AA, 280FS AA and 280Z AA instruments should have a default IEEE address of 9. Because 55B AA's must be Instrument #1 in the configuration dialog, Instrument #2 will always have a default IEEE of 9. It is important not to change the IEEE address of a 55B AA as it may cause conflicts with the inbuilt computer.

- 1 Close SpectrAA if it is open.
- 2 Navigate to C:\Program Files (x86)\Agilent\sp100\Run and then double-click DUAL.EXE. Click **OK** to start the program.
- 3 A window appears asking you to turn on the instrument you wish to reconfigure. You must select 'Instrument #2' in the configuration. Switch on the instrument and then click **OK**.  
Do not turn on the first instrument.  
A command window is displayed. The process may take about a minute. During this time, you will hear the instrument resetting.
- 4 Click the Microsoft Windows **Start** button.

- 5 In the ‘Search programs and files’ field type **cmd.exe**. Select cmd.exe from the list that appears.



- 6 Type **one** of the following options and then press **Enter** on the keyboard:
- For a Duo system with a 55B AA:  
CD C:\Program Files (x86)\Agilent\SP100\Run\setaddr.exe -q1:8
  - For a Duo system without a 55B AA:  
CD C:\Program Files (x86)\Agilent\SP100\Run\setaddr.exe -q9:8
- The dialog should say that both addresses (1 and 8 or 8 and 9) are ‘found’.

**NOTE**

Duo mode will only work if the instrument selected as ‘Instrument #1’ in the SpectrAA Instrument Configuration dialog box retains its default IEEE address (that is, 1 for 55B or 9 for 240FS, 240Z, 280FS or 280Z).

- 7 Restart the computer, turn on both AA instruments, and then start the Agilent SpectrAA software.

The instruments are now ready to be used as a simultaneous flame/furnace system. Refer to the Help for further information on dual instrument operation.

**NOTE**

During dual instrument operation, do not turn any connected instrument ON or OFF while readings are being taken.

### Configuring the software to use manual sampling

If you are NOT using any flame autosamplers, set the Sampler Type in the **Accessories** tab of 'SpectrAA Instrument Configuration' dialog box to the SPS 5 Autosampler. The SPS 5 Autosampler uses IEEE communications instead of RS-232 communications. By specifying the flame autosampler type as the SPS 5 Autosampler (even though no autosampler is used), the software will not capture the RS-232 port during start-up or shut down of the SpectrAA software. This will minimize delays during start-up, operation, and shut down of the software.

#### To define the SPS 5 flame autosampler:

- 1 Activate the IHelper.EXE application (from the installation drive: \Program Files (x86)\Agilent\SP100\Run directory); OR click the model number displayed at the Main Index page of the SpectrAA software. This displays the 'SpectrAA Instrument Configuration' dialog box.
- 2 From the 'SpectrAA Instrument Configuration' dialog box, click the **Accessories** tab.
- 3 Select **Varian SPS5 Autosampler** in the Flame Auto Sampler section.
- 4 To complete the installation and configuration, shut down and restart the SpectrAA software, as prompted.

### USB to RS-232 interfaces

There are several USB to RS-232 adapters available for use on computers that are not fitted with or not equipped with sufficient RS-232 interfaces. Depending on the instrument configuration, operation of all accessories may require the use of two RS-232 interfaces:

- An RS-232 interface is required for operation with the SPS 3 autosampler
- Another RS-232 interface is required for software control of the ETC 60 Electrothermal Temperature Controller.

**NOTE**

Other modem and LIMS system may be also connected to the available RS-232 COM ports.

---

Where there are not enough RS-232 interfaces to support all the devices that use these COM ports, an acceptable alternative is to use a USB to RS-232 adapter.

**To use a USB to RS-232 adapter:**

- 1** Install the USB-RS-232 device according to the manufacturer's specification.
- 2** Open the 'Windows Control Panel'.
- 3** Select **System**.
- 4** Select the **Hardware** tab and then the **Device Manager**.
- 5** Locate the COM USB Com port and open **Properties**.
- 6** Select the **Port Settings** tab and open the **Advanced** settings.
- 7** Set the COM PORT number to 1 to 4 using an available number from the drop-down list. If the numbers are already used, you have to set one of the other Com ports to a higher number and then set the one you are going to use to the vacancy created. SpectrAA software only accepts values from 1 to 4.
- 8** Close all dialog boxes.
- 9** Shut down and restart the computer. You may need to repeat this process if the port was not enabled the first time due to it being used by another device.

## Starting the SpectrAA software

**To start the SpectrAA software:**

- 1** Click **Start > (All) Programs > SpectrAA** and then **SpectrAA** again. Alternatively, double-click the SpectrAA icon on the desktop.
- 2** The first time the SpectrAA software is opened a Software Registration dialog appears. Click **Next**.

**NOTE**

Ensure that the user of the SpectrAA software completes the software registration. For further information, refer to the Software Registration Help.

---

- 3 Complete all the fields on the 'Customer Details' page. Click **Next**.

**NOTE**

The Product Key is found on the cover of the Agilent SpectrAA software CD case that was delivered with the instrument.

---

- 4 Complete all the fields on the 'Product Details' page. Click **Next**.
- 5 Complete all the fields on the 'Work Environment Details' page.
- 6 Click **Register**.
- 7 A dialog appears stating 'Your Agilent Software Registration has been successful'.

**NOTE**

If your computer is not connected to the Internet, refer to the Software Registration Help for further information.

---

- 8 The application will now open, and you can collect your data.

### SpectrAA Release Notes and Software Status Bulletin

Refer to the SpectrAAReleaseNotes.pdf file in the installation directory and the Software Status Bulletin document for further details. The file includes latest release information and important notes including the detail of any known problems and suggested work-arounds.



## Installing the drivers for the Tube-CAM Furnace Camera option

**NOTE**

These instructions are required only if the Tube-CAM furnace video option has been fitted to your instrument.

---

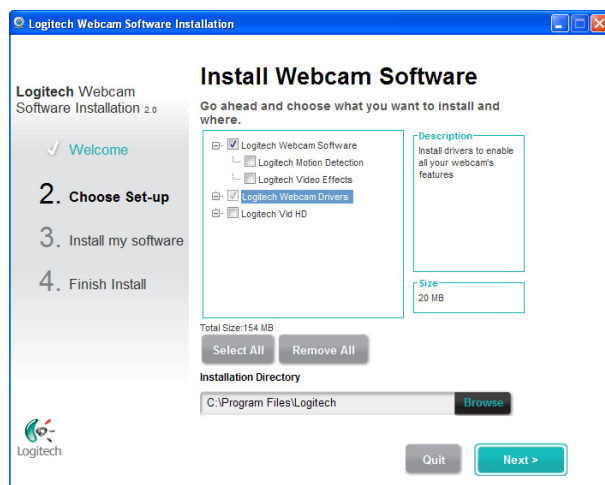
It is only necessary to install the driver files listed in the following procedure. While it is possible to install all options, these are not necessary for operation of the camera in SpectrAA software.

This installation refers to Logitech C525 cameras.

### Driver installation

#### To install the drivers:

- 1 Ensure the SpectrAA software has been installed and the computer has been restarted. Do *not* open the SpectrAA software and do *not* connect the camera.
- 2 Insert the software CD into the disc drive.
- 3 Navigate to the installation CD and double-click 'lws251.exe'.
- 4 Select your preferred language in the 'Preferred Language' dialog box on the 'Welcome' screen and then click **Next**.
- 5 Ensuring that the camera is *not* connected (contrary to screen instructions) click **Next**.
- 6 On the 'Install Webcam Software' screen (see Figure 3):
  - a Select 'Logitech Webcam Software'.
  - b Deselect 'Logitech Motion Detection'.
  - c Select 'Logitech Webcam Drivers'.
  - d Click **Next**.



**Figure 3.** Logitech Webcam Drivers installation window

- 7 If an 'Update' screen is displayed, click **Next**.  
The 'Installing Software' screen is displayed.
- 8 After the installation has completed the 'Check Settings' screen is displayed. Click **Next**.
- 9 The software is now installed. Click **Checkout my webcam**.  
The Logitech Webcam Software is displayed.
- 10 Plug in the Logitech Webcam into the USB port on the spectrometer.  
If installation is successful an image of a Logitech Webcam camera is displayed on the software window.
- 11 Select **Quick capture** and then **Controls**.  
The image from the Tube-CAM video is not currently displayed in the 'Webcam Control' window because the hollow cathode lamps are not yet illuminated.
- 12 On the 'Controls' screen:
  - a Deselect 'RightSound'
  - b Deselect 'RightLight'.
  - c Deselect 'Autofocus'.
  - d Select 'Advanced Settings'.

- 13 When 'Advanced Settings' are displayed:
  - a Deselect 'Auto' to the right of the 'Gain' slider.
  - b Set the 'Exposure' and 'Gain' sliders to maximum.
  - c Click **Save**.

The camera image appears black because the SpectrAA is turned off.

## Printer setup

The printer must be a make and model supported by Microsoft Windows. To install your printer, follow the instructions provided with the printer. For more information, refer to your printer documentation or Microsoft Windows Help.

## Troubleshooting

This section contains solutions to some common problems you may encounter during the installation of the SpectrAA software.

### **The SpectrAA software is not communicating with the instrument.**

- Ensure that the computer has been restarted after installing the software and the GPIB card or USB-GPIB-HS converter.
- Check the cables and connections.
- Check that the instrument and any associated accessories are turned on.
- Check that you are not running the Simulator software. (Select **Help about system information**.)
- Ensure that the PCI-GPIB driver has been installed and configured. Refer to Pages 56 and 58 for details.

## Service installation module

The installation test software is accessed directly from the Administration window. As shown below, this control is *only* activated when the software has been installed. The tests available are a subset of the full Instrument Validation program. This software must be installed from the Service folder of the BASE CD.

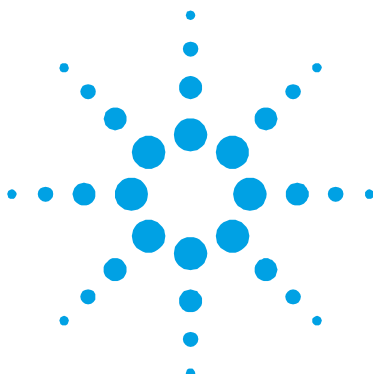
### To do this:

- 1 Insert the SpectraAA Base CD in the computer CD-ROM drive.
- 2 Use Windows Explorer to open the Service folder 'D:\service', where 'D' is the CD-ROM driver letter.
- 3 Locate and run the setup.exe file to install the necessary components and enable the VALIDATE button in the Administration window.

Installation and commissioning tests can be selected and run from the 'Installation' test window that is displayed. This allows easy testing and provides a report of the tests conducted covering power-on self tests, safety interlocks, and wavelength performance checks.

## Software re-installation

If you are reinstalling the software, uninstall all previous software and delete the National Instruments-488.2 drivers using the 'Add/Remove Programs' feature in the Windows Control Panel. Delete all files in the 'Run' and 'Workgrp.&' folders including any subfolders. Do *not* delete your data files.



## 4. Software Overview

Starting the SpectrAA software	69
SpectrAA windows	70
Index page	70
Worksheet window	70
Reports window	72
Administration window	73
Working with the SpectrAA software	73
Menu bar	73
Toolbar	73
Dialog boxes	73
Help	74

The Agilent AA system software (SpectrAA) is a powerful interface that provides high levels of spectrometer control and is easy to use. This chapter provides a brief overview of the SpectrAA software to help you familiarize yourself with its various windows. A more detailed description and instructions for use are included in the extensive Help. The optional SpectrAA CFR version software offers you the tools to help you achieve compliance with the US FDA 21 CFR Part 11 requirements. More information on the CFR compliance features of the software is detailed in the Help.

### Starting the SpectrAA software

To start the SpectrAA software click **Start > Programs > SpectrAA**. Alternatively, double-click on the desktop SpectrAA icon (created during the installation of the software).

# SpectrAA windows

## Index page

When you start the SpectrAA software, the first screen to appear is the introductory screen.

The Index page contains four buttons: Worksheet, Reports, Administration, and Exit.

The function of each button is as follows:

Worksheet	Opens the Worksheet window (see Page 70)
Reports	Opens the Reports window (see Page 72)
Administration	Opens the Administration window (see Page 73)
Exit	Shuts down the SpectrAA software.

## Worksheet window

The Worksheet window allows you to develop and edit methods, sequences and labels, and initiate sample analysis.

The worksheet is the fundamental file type for SpectrAA, containing one or more methods, sample labels, sequence information, and analytical results. You can load an existing worksheet or develop a new one.

The Worksheet window consists of four tabbed pages: Filing, Develop, Labels, and Analysis. To access a particular page, click on the appropriate page tab appearing under the menu bar.

## The Filing page

Use the Filing page to perform basic worksheet operations such as opening, saving, and closing worksheets, creating a template from a worksheet, and loading worksheets. You can also view information about the worksheet currently open. If you have the CFR version of the software, the Filing page enables you to apply electronic signatures (approval) to the worksheet.

### The Develop page

Use the Develop page to add, delete, review and modify methods, modify sequence parameters, change the order of methods and copy methods to the Method Library.

### The Labels page

Use the Labels page to set up solution labels, weights, volumes, and dilution factors and to configure SPS or PSD samplers.

### The Analysis page

Use the Analysis page to control the AA and initiate analysis. Data is presented in the form of a spreadsheet, with one row per sample. The sample labels are displayed in the left-hand column with concentration results for each element across the remaining columns.

The SpectrAA software enables you to have up to a maximum of 10 worksheets open at the same time. The Worksheet tab at the bottom of the Analysis page enables you to switch between worksheets.

### Worksheet menus

When you are viewing the worksheet, the following menu items are available:

File	This menu allows you to perform filing tasks such as opening, saving and renaming files.
Edit	The Edit menu allows you to copy and paste information, Edit Replicates and Go To certain parts of a worksheet.
View	The View menu enables you to nominate what is displayed on the Analysis page.
Instrument	This menu enables you to perform many Instrument functions such as Optimization, Reslope, and Zero.
Options	The Options menu enables you to alter the displays on the Analysis page.
Window	This menu enables you to quickly move around the software.
Help	This menu enables you to access the Help.

**NOTE**

Not all menu items are available on all pages of the Worksheet window. If an item or menu is grayed, it is unavailable on that page.

---

Menu items can be accessed by clicking the desired item with the mouse, or pressing Alt and the active (underlined) letter in the menu name (for example, Alt+E to access the “Edit” menu). This displays a menu list. The options in the menu list can be accessed in the same manner.

### **Reports window**

The Reports window allows you to generate a report for the current worksheet or any of the worksheets saved in the system.

The Reports window consists of four tabbed pages: Worksheet, Select, Settings, and Report. To select a particular page, click on the appropriate page tab appearing under the menu bar.

#### **Worksheet page**

Use the Worksheet page to select the worksheet results to include in the report. You can use the “Filter” and “Search” buttons to refine your search.

#### **Select page**

Use the Select page to choose methods and solutions to include in the report.

#### **Settings page**

Use the Settings page to specify the report style and content.

#### **Report page**

Use the Report page to view and print the report, write it to a text file, or export it to a PRN file.



### Administration window

The Administration window allows you to: migrate worksheets into the system (such as old worksheets on CD-ROM, etc.); delete worksheets and library methods; and activate and modify password protection of the system. The Administration window also allows you to configure your system.

## Working with the SpectrAA software

### Menu bar

The Worksheet window contains a menu bar directly beneath the window title bar. This bar displays several menu items. For more information on these menus, see Page 71.

**NOTE**

When menu items or options appear grayed, they are unavailable for selection.

---

### Toolbar

The Toolbar appears on the Index page and the Worksheet window and provides easy shortcuts to many common functions and other windows.

### Dialog boxes

In some cases, selecting a menu option or pressing a button activates a dialog box. This is a box that contains several different input fields relevant to that operation.

You can move the focus from field to field in a dialog box either by clicking each entry item with the mouse or by pressing the **Tab** and arrow keys to move the cursor from field to field. After entering/changing any values in a dialog box, press “OK” to accept the changes and close the dialog.

### Help

The SpectrAA software contains extensive Help, which serves as your primary source of information on how to use the software and the instrument. The Help consists of contextual help and multimedia help. The Help also contains an extensive 'How To...' section. This section provides many set by set instructions on how to perform common procedures.

The contextual help is accessed from any window, page, or dialog box in the SpectrAA software by pressing F1 (the Help function key), the 'Help' button (where available), or by selecting 'On-line Help' from the Help menu at the top of any page in the Worksheet window, and provides help specific to that screen.

The multimedia help contains hardware-related information and other details to help you set up, operate and maintain your Agilent AA instrument.

For example, the Help includes:

- Installation procedures for the components of the instrument that are customer-installable
- Maintenance procedures for the parts of the spectrometer that are customer-serviceable
- Checklists to help you ensure that you have correctly prepared your system for analysis.

#### NOTE

To view the video clips included in the online help you must have the SpectrAA CD inserted in the CD-ROM drive. Alternatively, you can copy the video files from the Help CD into the \\run\help subdirectory within the directory where the SpectrAA software is loaded.

---

## Searching for help

You can quickly get help on a specific topic using keywords and the Search facility.

### To search for information on a particular subject:

- 1 Open the Help (if it is not already open).
- 2 Select the **Search** tab at the top of the SpectrAA Help window.
- 3 Enter the word(s) you want to search for in the field provided and select **List Topics**.
- 4 A list of all the Help topics associated with the keyword(s) displays in the second list.
- 5 Select the desired topic and click **Display**.

## Printing help

### To obtain a printed copy of the current Help topic:

- 1 Select the Print icon at the top of the SpectrAA Help window.
- 2 From the Print Topics dialog, select whether you want to print the selected topic or a range of topics and then select **OK**.

The topics you selected are printed on the nominated printer.

---

**NOTE**

Information presented in a popup window cannot be printed.

---

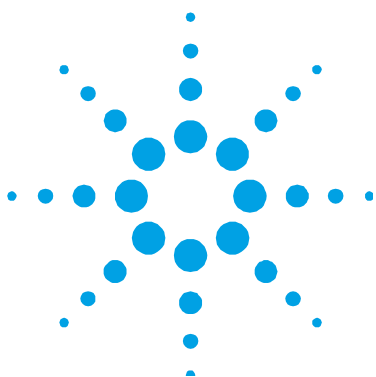
## Viewing help while you work

If the Help window obscures the application you are working in, you may want to resize the Help window or move it so that you can view both the Help window and your application window at the same time. This is useful if you are using Help to follow a step-by-step software procedure.

## Quitting help

To close the SpectrAA Help window, select the “X” on the top right corner of the Help window or press Alt+F4 to close the window.

*This page is intentionally left blank.*



## 5. Getting Started

Instrument setup	77
Starting the system	79
Pre-analysis checklist	80

This chapter describes how to set up the Agilent AA system for analysis and get you started using the instrument.

You should have already:

- Prepared your PC and installed the SpectrAA software as described in Chapter 3.
- Become familiar with the SpectrAA user interface as described in Chapter 4.

### Instrument setup

Use the following checklist to ensure that you set up your system correctly. You must:

- Connect the components of the system to one another (see ‘Connections’ on Page 78).
- Connect the equipment to the power supply, and check the setting of the two voltage taps where fitted (see ‘Power’ on Page 78).
- Install the hardware components as per your analytical requirements. Refer to the Help for details.

### Connections

Your Agilent AA instrument is supplied with a set of gas hose fittings and a mains cable that suits the common utility standard in the local region. A Country Kit must be ordered with the Agilent AA instrument.

### Power

The mains power connection is located at the rear of the instrument. Refer to the next section for instructions on connecting the instrument to the mains power supply.

### Gas hoses

Three rubber hoses are permanently attached to the instrument. Each hose is 1.8 meters long and is color-coded for air (black), nitrous oxide (blue), and acetylene (red). Each is fitted with female fittings suitable for USA standard regulators. Adaptors are supplied for other areas.

#### NOTE

Gas hose connections are not detailed in this section as they are described in your Agilent AA Site Preparation Guide.

---

### Accessories

For details on connecting accessories such as SIPS or UltraAA lamps, refer to the manuals accompanying the accessories.

### Power

#### Requirements

Power requirements are detailed in your Agilent AA Site Preparation Guide, and also in the 'Specifications' section in Chapter 1 of this manual. Check the power requirements and read through the section 'Electrical power supplies' in the Site Preparation Guide before connecting the Agilent AA system to the power supply.

Consult the manuals supplied with your printer and PC (if required) for their power requirements.

### Connection

Before connecting the instrument to the power supply, ensure that both the spectrometer and the mains power supply are turned off. Check that the two voltage selector switches on the instrument rear panel (if present) are set to the correct mains power supply voltage—refer to the table on the rear panel. The Agilent field service engineer sets the voltage selectors when the instrument is first installed.

To connect the instrument to the power supply, plug the mains power cord into the back of the instrument and the free end of the power cord into the mains power supply, and then switch on the mains power supply.

### Moving your instrument

---

**WARNING****Heavy Weight**

**The instrument weighs over 50 kg (110 lb). Do not attempt to lift the instrument alone. Always use two or more people when lifting or carrying the instrument into position.**

---

### Starting the system

The instrument power switch is a rocker type, located on the front of the instrument on the left-hand side. Switch the power switch to 'I' to start the system. The green indicator light will come on.

For instructions on how to start any accessories, refer to the manuals supplied with the accessories.

If you have not already done so, start the SpectrAA software as described on Page 69.

## Pre-analysis checklist

The general preparation procedure is as follows:

- 1 Install all the required hardware, including any associated accessories such as SIPS, according to the instructions in the Help (see Page 74) and any accessory manuals.
- 2 Turn on the instrument and any peripheral accessories as described in the previous section.
- 3 Hold a thin single-ply tissue up to the mouth of the extraction hood to ensure that the exhaust system is working. The tissue should be drawn towards the hood.
- 4 Check the gas supplies to make sure that you have enough gas to complete your analysis. Also, check that the acetylene cylinder pressure is above 700 kPa (about 100 psi) to ensure that acetone is not drawn into the instrument.
- 5 Set the delivery pressure of the gases to the following:

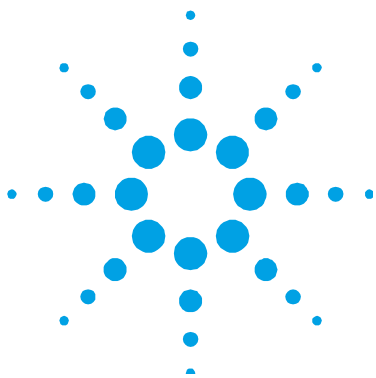
	Recommended		Permissible	
	kPa	psi	kPa	psi
Acetylene	75	11	65–100	9.5–14.5
Air	350	50	245–455	35–65
Nitrous oxide	350	50	245–455	35–65

- 6 Inspect the gas hoses for damage, replacing any damaged hoses. Turn on the gas supplies to your instrument and test all hoses and connections for leaks. If a leak is found, repair it immediately.
- 7 Load a worksheet and develop the method(s) as per your analytical requirements.
- 8 Optimize the system.
- 9 Start an Autorun.

### NOTE

Detailed procedural help for Steps 7 to 9 are provided in the Help. See Page 74 for details of how to find information in the Help.





## 6. Maintenance and Troubleshooting

Schedule	82
Cleaning	84
Gas cylinders	85
Preventing flashbacks	85
In the event of a flashback or unexpected flame event	85
Spare parts	86

The following is a list of maintenance procedures that must be performed to keep your instrument running safely and with optimum performance. See the 'Maintenance' section in the SpectrAA Help for replacing and cleaning procedures.

To access the Help click Start > All Programs > SpectrAA > SpectrAA Help or, with the SpectrAA software, open press F1 on your keyboard.

Do not perform any procedures not listed in this manual or in the SpectrAA Help. Contact your Agilent representative if further information is needed.

The procedures listed below may involve hazardous chemicals and fumes, hot surfaces, and handling fragile lamps and glass. Always follow the correct procedure listed in the SpectrAA Help, adhere to all safety and chemical disposal regulations, and wear the appropriate safety equipment.

### WARNING



#### Corrosive liquid

**The contents of the liquid trap may be toxic or corrosive. Dispose of the contents in accordance with approved procedures and always wear the appropriate safety equipment.**

### WARNING



#### Hot surfaces

Some components within the spectrometer may remain hot after turning off the instrument. Before performing any maintenance procedures always allow the components to cool.

---

### WARNING



#### Sharp objects

Great care should be taken when working with glass or quartz parts to prevent breakage and cuts.

---

## Schedule

### Daily

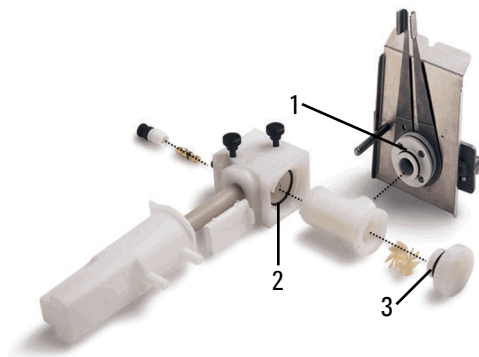
- Check that the exhaust system has positive extraction
- Check the gas supplies
- Check all hoses and connections for damage, leaks and wear
- Empty the drain vessel
- Clean the instrument
- Clean the burner (Flame systems only)
- Rinse out the spray chamber and liquid trap (Flame systems only)
- Check graphite components including the shroud, electrode, and tube (Furnace/Zeeman systems only)
- Clean the electrodes (Furnace/Zeeman systems only)
- Replace the tube if necessary (Furnace/Zeeman systems only)

### Weekly

- Check for o-ring deterioration:
  - Three o-rings inside the burner, spray chamber, and the bung (see Figure 4)
  - Two o-rings that seal the gas inlets to the spray chamber (see Figure 5)

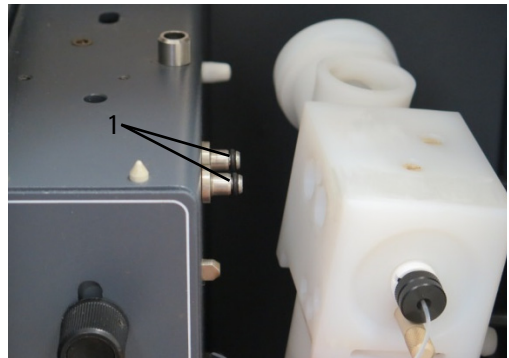
#### NOTE

Always ensure the sealing surfaces are clean and free of debris before re-inserting the component.



**Figure 4.** Disassembled spray chamber and burner where:

1. O-ring on burner assembly
2. O-ring inside the spray chamber
3. O-ring inside the bung



**Figure 5.** Spray chamber removed from gas inlet where:

1. O-rings (x2) that seal the gas inlets to the spray chamber

- Clean the lamp and sample compartment windows
- Check the air compressor filter
- Check the water levels in recirculating supplies (Furnace/Zee-man systems only)

### Yearly

Arrange for an Agilent service engineer to perform preventative maintenance.

### Cleaning

#### Instrument surfaces

Clean contamination immediately using the approved laboratory procedures.

If there is contamination inside the instrument immediately turn off the instrument and call your Agilent representative.

- 1 Switch off the instrument and allow it to cool.
- 2 Remove any hardware present in the sample compartment (refer to the appropriate instructions in this User's Guide and the SpectrAA Help if necessary).
- 3 Using a cloth dampened with water, clean the sample compartment, instrument cover, and chimney. On Flame systems, also clean the front panel and flame shield. If necessary, use a mild detergent to clean the cover. Do NOT use an abrasive cleaner. When analyzing biological samples, wipe the instrument with chlorhexidine in 95% ethanol.

#### Windows

Clean the sample compartment windows and the lamp compartment window with a gentle stream of filtered air, or a puffer brush, like those used to clean camera lenses.

If the windows are dirty, wipe them using an optical tissue held between tweezers and dampened with a 50% ethanol/water solution.

#### Filters

Check the filter in the air compressor supply line and clean if necessary (instructions are included with the filter.)

## Gas cylinders

Change gas cylinders according to the instructions supplied by the manufacturer.

### When changing gas cylinders:

- Inspect all gas supply pipes and hoses. Replace any hose showing signs of damage or deterioration.
- Test all connections for leaks using a commercial leak testing solution, a mild dish washing soap solution, or an electronic leak detector.
- Test the operation of all regulators.
- Ensure that shut off valves are correctly functioning.

## Preventing flashbacks

Instrument and consumable maintenance is important to prevent flashbacks or unexpected flame events. See the Safety section on Page 26 for detailed information on how to prevent flashbacks.

## In the event of a flashback or unexpected flame event

- Immediately press the red flame-off button to turn off gas flows to the instrument
- Turn off the gas supply
- Turn off power to the instrument
- Inspect the sample introduction components including the burner, spray chamber, and nebulizer and clean or replace as necessary
  - Check burner condition and O-rings for damage
  - Check O-rings for the spray chamber, especially the pressure relief bung for damage
  - Check the nebulizer for damage
  - Check the windows on either side of the flame area for damage

## Maintenance and Troubleshooting

- Clean up any spills in the sample introduction area or on the instrument
- Review the 'Safety' section on Page 26 or the SpectrAA Help 'Safety' section for detailed information on how to prevent flashbacks.

Contact your Agilent representative if additional information is needed.

### Spare parts

See the Agilent website for ordering information.

Use only Agilent-supplied or approved spare parts with your instrument.

<http://www.chem.agilent.com/en-US/products-services/Parts-Supplies/Spectroscopy/Atomic-Absorption/Pages/default.aspx>



## **In this guide**

The guide describes the following:

- Safety practices and hazards
- Introduction
- Installation
- Software overview
- Getting started
- Maintenance and troubleshooting

© Agilent Technologies Australia [M]

Pty Ltd

1997, 2000-2004, 2010-2013, 2015,

2016

Printed in Malaysia

06/16



8510154700

Issue 14



**Agilent Technologies**